

# PROSPECTUS 2021/2022

TRINCOMALEE CAMPUS
EASTERN UNIVERSITY SRI LANKA





## FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE

The Faculty of Applied Science conducts three-year degree programmes under the semester-based, course unit system in English medium. The degree programme is based on the bi-model semester system. Each semester consists of 15 weeks of academic activities. Each academic year will be considered as level 1, level 2 and level 3 respectively.

The Faculty of Applied Science offers two degree programmes at present. They are three year degree programmes conducted through 6 semesters.

#### **DEGREE PROGRAMMES**

#### **Department of Computer Science**

 Bachelor of Science in Computer Science (BSc (Computer Sc.)) - 3 Years

#### **Department of Physical Science**

 Bachelor of Science in Applied Physics and Electronics
 (B.Sc. in Applied Physics and Electronics)



## FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE Dean's Message – Mr. S. Loheeswaran



As the Dean of the Faculty of Applied Science, it gives me great pleasure to welcome all of you to the Department of Computer Science, Faculty of Applied Science, Trincomalle Campus.

First and foremost, congratulations to all of you. This is the beginning of your journey as first-year Computer Science students. You are the

cream of the crop among the students who sat for the Advanced level examination. Your hard work and dedication have brought you to this point, and you should be immensely proud of your accomplishments. You are now part of a community that values knowledge, critical thinking, and innovation. Embrace this privilege and let it inspire you to push boundaries, challenge assumptions, and make a meaningful impact in the world. I assure you that the years ahead will be filled with remarkable opportunities and countless moments that will shape your lives forever.

The world of Computer Science is vast and constantly evolving. The demand for computer science professionals continues to grow across various industries. Almost every sector, including finance, healthcare, entertainment, and manufacturing, relies on computer systems and software. Pursuing a computer science degree equips you with the skills and knowledge needed to meet this demand and opens up a wide range of career opportunities. Engage in research projects and internships will build a strong network with the industry. Your time at this Campus will provide you with numerous opportunities to explore, experiment, and excel.

Campus is not merely about acquiring knowledge from textbooks or sitting through lectures. Your education extends far beyond the walls of this institution. Make connections, join clubs and organizations, and participate in community service involved in sports and cultural activities.

Though you came from various part of Sri Lanka, now you all are under one roof. There are Tamils, Singhalese and Muslims among you. By actively engaging with different religious and cultural groups, you can contribute to the promotion of social harmony and ethnic cohesion. During your stay in the Campus, in addition to the academic qualification try to improve communication skills and team work ability. This is a golden opportunity to learn the Tamil language from Sinhala students and the Sinhala language from Tamil students.

Communication skills and team work ability are highly valued in the job market and can significantly enhance your chances of finding better job opportunities. Most of our graduates got jobs in government and private sectors immediately after graduation.

You have to strictly follow the Campus rules and regulations, otherwise, you will face disciplinary action by the Campus administration.

I wish you all the best for your foreseeable future.

The Department of Computer Science (DCS) was established in 2007 in the Faculty of Applied Science, Trincomalee campus, Eastern University. Since 2007 the DCS is offering a three-year degree programme named as Bachelor of Computer science for the students who are admitted directly by the UGC under the Computer Science stream.

#### Vision

Formation of Highly Intellectual Capital to the Computer world.

#### Mission

Department of Computer Science of the Faculty of Applied Sciences, Trincomalee Campus aims to provide highly marketable dynamic Computer Technological Graduates through the suitable teaching and learning environments.

## **Head's Message –Mr.S.Thadchanamoorthy**



As the Head of the Department of Computer Science, Faculty of Applied Science, Trincomalee Campus, Eastern University, Sri Lanka, I am very happy to say few words regarding the current trend and the opportunities in the field of computer science.

The specialty of computer sciences keeps making continuous changes in the different aspects of life. The world has witnessed and keeps witnessing technological waves whose basis is research and applications of computer science; all of which has directly affected our daily lives. In recent years, many international universities have witnessed a noticeable

increase in the rate of students' demand on the specialty of computer science. This is only because young people are aware of the importance of this specialty, the employment opportunities it provides and its impact on society.

With your Computer Science knowledge, you can, for example, create mobile sites and applications, analyse data and develop information, manage databases efficiently, ensure data integrity and confidentiality, and even study diseases and discover their relationship to drugs. All of this could happen while you're eager to discover and learn a solution. Remember! Research is the turning point for all these.



Head/DCS
Mr. S. Thadchanamoorthy
Senior Lecturer Gr-I
MPhil in Computer Science [UoC]
M.Sc in Computer Science [UoC]
B.Sc (Elect. & Electronics Eng)
[UoP]



Ms. K. Krishnaraj
Lecturer
M.Sc in Computer Science [SAU,
India]
B.Sc in Information & Communication
Technology [VCUJ]



Ms. Y. Kalyani Lecturer (Probationary) B.Sc in Computer Science (UoJ) (On Study Leave)



Ms. T. Thanushya
Lecturer (Probationary)
M.Sc in Computer Science (UoP)
B.Sc (Spl) in Computer Science
[VCUJ]



Ms. K. Sefra Sanjika
Lecturer (Probationary)
M.Sc in Computer Science
[UoP]
B.Sc. (Hons) in Information
& Communication
Technology (VCUJ)



Mr. Alagiah Suthakaran Lecturer (Probationary) M.Sc in Information Technology [UoM] B.Sc in Computer Science [UoJ) (On Study Leave)



Ms. K. Tharmini
Lecturer (Probationary)
B.Sc (Hons) in Computer Science
(UoJ)



Ms. S. Disne
Lecturer (Probationary)
B.Sc (Hons) in Computer Science
(EUSL)



Ms. S. Priyanka
Lecturer (Probationary)
B.Sc (Spl) in Computer Science
(SEUSL)



Ms. J. Janani Lecturer (Probationary) B.Sc (Hons) in Computer Science (UoJ)



Ms. P. R. Vithusia
Lecturer (Probationary)
BSc(Spl)in Computer Science &
Technology (UWU)



Mr. Weerasingham Sriwathsan
Instructor in Computer Technology Gr I
M.Sc in Computer Science (UCSC)
B.Sc in Physical Science (EUSL)



Mr. Benjamin Christopaul
Instructor in Computer Technology Gr II
M.Sc in Science Education (EUSL)
M.Sc in Computer Science (UOP)
B.Sc in Physical Science (EUSL)



Mrs. U.Telahini Management Assistant



Mr.N.Sivakumar Works Aid

#### **COMPUTER SCIENCE DEGREE PROGRAMME**

The 3 year Computer Science Degree is named as follow;

- Bachelor of Science in Computer Science

#### Aim of the Programme

Bachelor of Science in Computer Science degree programme aims to prepare graduates to succeed in a rapidly changing field. This will support graduates for professional careers, lifelong learning and serving the community in a professional manner.

#### **Graduate Profile and Attributes**

Computer Science graduates will possess the ability to integrate theory and practice, recognize the importance of abstraction, and appreciate the value of good engineering design. In addition, BSc (Computer Sc.) graduates will possess the following set of attributes:

**Knowledgeable in computer science:** Graduates demonstrate knowledge and understanding of essential facts, concepts, principles, and theories relating to computer science and software applications.

**Problem solver:** Graduates need to understand how to apply the appropriate knowledge and skills, including background research and experimentation, to identify, investigate, abstract, conceptualise, analyse, and solve complex computing problems, in order to reach substantiated conclusions.

**Significant project experience:** Project demonstrates the practical application of principles learned in different courses and forces students to integrate material learned at different stages of the curriculum. Students need to appreciate the need for domain knowledge for certain applications, and that this may necessitate study within that domain.

**Lifelong learner:** Graduates should learn new tools, computer languages, technologies, techniques, standards and practices, as well as be able to identify and address their own educational needs in a changing world in ways sufficient to maintain their competence and to allow them to contribute to the advancement of knowledge.

**Act Professionally:** Graduates should act appropriately with respect to ethical, societal, environmental, health, safety, legal, and cultural issues within local and global contexts, and with regard to the consequential responsibilities relevant to professional computing practice.

Effective communicator: Graduates should be able to communicate with the computing community and with society at large about complex computing activities by being able to comprehend and write effective reports, design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and understand clear instructions.

#### **Programme Intended Learning Outcomes**

The following expected Student's outcomes apply to the Computer Science degree programme. Students graduating from the Bachelor of Science in Computer Science programme will be,

- Able to use a range of programming languages and tools to develop computer programs and systems that are effective solutions to problems.
- Able to understand, design, and analyse precise specifications of algorithms, procedures, and interaction behaviour.
- Able to apply mathematics, logic, and statistics to the design, development, and analysis of software systems.
- Able to be equipped with a range of fundamental principles of Computer
   Science that will provide the basis for future learning and enable them to adapt
   to the constant rapid development of the field.
- Able to have experience working in teams to build software systems.

#### **Volume of Learning**

The volume of learning is described in terms of credits. One credit is equivalent to 50 notional learning hours. The notional learning hours include direct contact hours with teachers and trainers, time spent in self- learning, preparation for assignments, carrying out assignments and assessments.

a. One credit of the taught course, laboratory studies is equivalent to 50 notional learning hours.

- 15 hours of lectures and 35 hours of independent learning and assessments; or
- 30 hours of laboratory work with additional time for independent learning and assessments; or
- b. One credit of industrial training or research project (including time allocated for literature survey) is considered equivalent to a minimum of 100 notional hours.
  Credits have to be earned by students after successful completion of the work required and appropriate assessment of learning outcomes.

#### **Course Code**

#### **Computer Science Degree Programme**

Every course is assigned a course code. The code will be of the pattern XX YSCN, where;

First two characters (XX) refer to

if

CO then Common Core course

CS then Computer Science course

EC then Elective Course

Third character (Y) refers to Year

Fourth character (S) refers to Semester

Fifth character (C) refer to Credit

Last character (N) refers to Subject number

#### **Auxiliary Course Units**

The Auxiliary course units are compulsory, but not taken for the computation of Grade Point Average (GPA); however shall be evaluated and appear in academic transcript, and be partial requisite for award of degree. The students are expected to obtain at least C pass in the elective course examination prior to the award of degree.

#### **Degree Programme**

The Degree programme is offered in six semesters. Each student should obtain a minimum of 90 credits for the award during the three years of study.

#### Maximum Duration of the Degree Programme

All students should complete their degrees within a specified period of time. The maximum period allowed for the Degree programme will be six (6) academic years from the date of first registration.

#### **Examination Structure**

Examinations are conducted at the end of each semester followed by a study leave. Study leave is given for a period of two (2) weeks at the end of each semester. The semester examination is conducted within a period of four (4) weeks. The duration of final theory and practical examination may vary according to the credit value of the course, as follows:

#### Theory

Credit	Exam Duration	Number of Questions
1	1 hour	2
2	2 hours	4
3	3 hours	5 or 6
Practical		
Credit	Exam Duration	Number of Questions
1	2 hours	2
> 1	3 hours	3 or 4

Allocated percentage marks for sub-questions of each question of summative examination shall be specified (denoted) in the question paper.

#### **Industrial Training/Project**

All students must undergo industrial training at the end of the sixth semester. Therefore, soon after the sixth semester examination, students will be placed at the suitable industry/software companies for a period of six months, which carries 3 credits GPA.

#### **Attendance**

All registered students are required to attend all lectures, tutorials, and practical classes. 80% attendance is compulsory for both theory and practical in each course unit. Any student who does not achieve 80% attendance will not be allowed to sit for the semester examination of that course unit.

#### **Medium of Instruction**

English will be the medium of instruction.

#### **Annual Student Intake**

Minimum of fifty students will be enrolled for the degree programme annually according to the university admission policy adopted by the UGC.

#### **Outline of the Course Structure**

#### **BSc (Computer Sc.) Degree Programme**

The following course units are offered in the above degree programme.

Where: L denotes Lecture hours, P denotes the Practical hours and IL denotes Independent Learning hours, based on the notional hours described in the SLQF standard.

Year I: Semester I

Course Code	Course Title	Hours L/P/IL	Credit
CO1121	Basic Mathematics for Computing	30/00/70	2
CO1122	Basic Computer Programming	30/00/70	2
CO1112	Practical work on CO1122	00/30/20	1
CO1123	Formal Methods for Problem Solving	30/00/70	2
CO1124	Computer Systems & PC Applications	30/00/70	2
CO1114	Practical work on CO1124	00/30/20	1
CO1125	Statistics for Science and Technology	30/00/70	2
CO1115	Practical work on CO1125	00/30/20	1
CO1126	Management Information System	30/00/70	2
GEP - I	General English Proficiency - I	30/00/70	-
	I		15

Year I: Semester II

Course	Course Title	Hours	Credit
Code		L/P/IL	Credit
CO1221	Systems Analysis & Design	30/00/70	2
CO1222	Data Structures & Algorithms	30/00/70	2
CO1212	Practical work on CO1222	00/30/20	1
CO1223	Data Base Management Systems	30/00/70	2
CO1213	Practical work on CO1223	00/30/20	1
CO1224	MultiMedia & HyperMedia Development	30/00/70	2
CO1214	Practical work on CO1224	00/30/20	1
CO1225	Computer Architecture	30/00/70	2
CO1226	Social Harmony	30/00/70	2
		1	15

Year II: Semester I

Course	Course Title	Hours	Credit
Code		L/P/IL	Credit
CO2121	Advanced Mathematics for Computing	30/00/70	2
CO2122	Operating Systems	30/00/70	2
CO2112	Practical work on CO2122	00/30/20	1
CO2123	Software Engineering	30/00/70	2
CO2124	Internet and Web Design	30/00/70	2
CO2114	Practical work on CO2124	00/30/20	1
CO2125	Object Oriented Programming	30/00/70	2
CO2115	Practical work on CO2125	00/30/20	1
CO2126	Sri Lankan Studies	30/00/70	2
GEP - III	General English Proficiency - III	30/00/70	-
	•	•	15

Year II: Semester II

Course	Course Title	Hours	Credit
Code		L/P/IL	Crean
CO2221	Data Communication Systems	30/00/70	2
CO2222	Visual System Development Tools	30/00/70	2
CO2212	Practical work on CO2222	00/30/20	1
CO2223	Computer Graphics	30/00/70	2
CO2213	Practical work on CO2223	00/30/20	1
CO2224	Human Computer Interaction	30/00/70	2
CO2214	Practical work on CO2224	00/30/20	1
CO2225	Software Management Techniques	30/00/70	2
CO2226	Automata Theory	30/00/70	2
			15

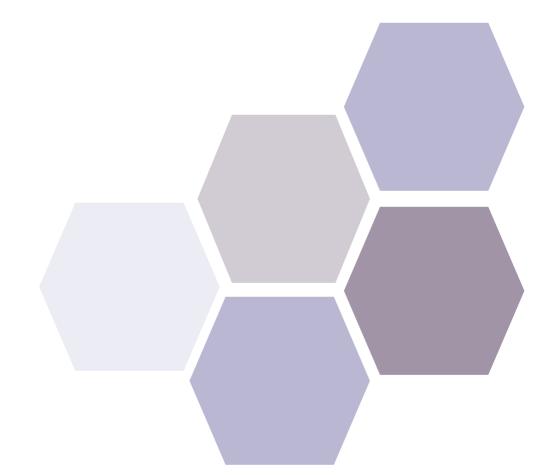
Year III: Semester I

Course	Course Title	Hours	Credit
Code		L/P/IL	Credit
CS3121	Logic Programming & Expert Systems	30/00/70	2
CS3111	Practical work on CS3121	30/00/70	1
CS3122	Advanced Database Management Systems	30/00/70	2
CS3112	Practical work on CS3122	00/30/20	1
CS3123	Systems & Network Administration	30/00/70	2
CS3113	Practical work on CS3123	00/30/20	1
CS3124	Data Security	30/00/70	2
CS3114	Practical work on CS3124	00/30/20	1
CS3135	Theory of Computing	30/00/70	3
EC3101	Foundations of Management	45/00/105	-
		,	15

Year III: Semester II

Course	Course Title	Hours	Credit
Code		L/P/IL	Crean
CS3221	Assembly Programming	30/00/70	2
CS3211	Practical work on CS3221	00/30/20	1
CS3222	Software Quality Assurance	30/00/70	2
CS3212	Practical work on CS3222	00/30/20	1
CS3233	Professional Issues in IT	45/00/105	3
CS3224	Computer Networks	30/00/70	2
CS3214	Practical work on CS3222	00/30/20	1
CS3235	Industrial Training/Project	00/00/300	3
	,	l	1
			5

<sup>\*\*</sup> The students who want to obtain a BSc (Computer Sc.) degree, should complete a **Research Work** of 3 Non-GPA credits during the sixth semester (Year III Semester II).



#### **Evaluation Systems**

Evaluation consists of Formative (Continuous) and Summative (end of Semester) assessments.

Formative assessment usually accounts for 35% of the total marks. Formative assessments may consist of mid-semester examinations, Assessment, quizzes given in class, take-home assignments such as papers or problem sets, in-class presentations by students, projects, etc.

All continuous assessment conducted shall be taken into computation, but the weight for different types of assessment (i.e. not equal weight for assignment, quizzes, etc.) shall be decided by the Lecturer in-charge and expected to be announced to the students at the beginning of the course.

#### Theory

The final mark  $(M_1)$  for the theory examination in a course unit will be evaluated using the following equation:

$$M_1 = T * 0.65 + A_1 * 0.35$$

Where T is the marks obtained in the final theory examination and  $A_1$  is the marks obtained in continuous assessment during the course.

#### **Practical**

The final mark  $(M_2)$  for the practical course will be evaluated as follows:

$$M_2 = P * 0.65 + A_2 * 0.35$$

Where P is the marks obtained in the final practical examination and  $A_2$  is the marks obtained in the continuous assessment.

#### **Industrial Training/Project**

Industrial training after the  $6^{th}$  semester will be assessed and the marks will be allocated as follows:

Components	Marks
Final Viva- Voce Examination	40%
Final Report	60%
Total	100%

Both the report and viva-voce examination are mandatory. Students should obtain a minimum of 50 % in each component. Failing in any of these components will be considered to repeat the work, according to the time frame given by the Head of the Department.

#### **Research Work**

Research work during the  $6^{th}$  semester will be assessed at the end of written examination and the marks will be allocated as follows:

Components	Marks
Final Presentation	20%
Final Viva- Voce Examination	20%
Dissertation	60%
Total	100%

Research dissertation, presentation and viva-voce examinations are mandatory. Students should obtain a minimum of 50 % in each component. Failing in any of these components will be considered to repeat the work, according to the time frame given by the Head of the Department.

#### **Grading System and Grade Point Average**

Based on the scheme of evaluation mentioned above, marks obtained in respect of a course unit will be graded based on UGC Commission circular: 901.

Marks %	Grade	Grade Point
		Value
75 – 100	A+	4.00
70 – 74	A	4.00
65 – 69	A-	3.70
60 - 64	B+	3.30
55 – 59	В	3.00
50 - 54	B-	2.70
45 – 49	C+	2.30
40 - 44	С	2.00
35 - 39	C-	1.70
30 – 34	D+	1.30
25 - 29	D	1.00
00 - 24	Е	0.00

Grade Point Average (GPA) is the credit-weighted arithmetic mean of the Grade Point Value which is formulated as

$$GPA = \frac{Sum \ of \ (credits \times grade \ point \ value)}{Total \ credits} = \frac{\sum c_i g_i}{\sum c_i}$$
 Where  $c_i$  is the number of credits for the  $i^{th}$  course and  $g_i$  is the grade point

Where  $c_i$  is the number of credits for the  $i^{th}$  course and  $g_i$  is the grade point value for the  $i^{th}$  course.

The Overall GPA (OGPA) for the degree programme would be the credit weighted average will be equivalent to

$$OGPA = \frac{G_1 + G_2 + 2G_3}{4}$$

Where,  $G_1$ ,  $G_2$ ,  $G_3$  are the GPA for the first, second and third year of study respectively.

#### **Repeating Courses**

- > Those who fail to obtain the requisite number of credit passes or fail to appear for an end semester examination are required to appear for such an examination when it is held next.
- A course unit with a grade less than C must be repeated.
- ➤ Only the end semester examination results will be considered for computation.(Continuous Assessment mark will not be considered)
- $\triangleright$  Maximum grade for the repeat examination will be C.
- ➤ Repeat examination of a candidate supported by a Medical Certificate either by the Campus Medical Officer (CMO) or certified by the CMO will be considered as that of his/her first attempt. Such Medical Certificate should be submitted with the appropriate certification of CMO within two (2) weeks from the date of the said examination held.
- > The special repeat examination for the final year students may be conducted within 45 days from the release of results.
- Examination for a course unit can be repeated not more than three times. A grace chance is permitted with the approval of the Senate of the EUSL.
- ➤ Candidates will not be permitted to re-sit any passed course units, but will be given the option to repeat a course unit with a *C* or lower grade to improve it.
- ➤ In the event a candidate obtains a lower grade while attempting to improve the grade, he or she will be entitled to the previous grade.

#### **Award of Degree**

#### **Award of Bachelor of Science in Computer Science**

To be eligible for Bachelor of Science in Computer Science Degree Programme, a candidate must obtain

- 1. C or better grades for at least 72 credits and C- grades for the remaining 18 credits, of which not more than 6 from each year of study;
- 2. a minimum overall GPA of 2.0 in first, second and third years of study;
- 3. minimum of C grade from each of the General English courses.
- 4. complete the relevant requirements within a period of six academic years.

#### **Award of Classes**

A candidate who has fulfilled all the conditions for the award of BSc (Copmuter Sc.) degree shall be awarded a class, if he/she fulfils the following additional requirements:

#### **First Class:**

- 1. Obtain a minimum OGPA of 3.70;
- 2. Obtain A or better grades in at least 36 credits, of which at least 12 credits from the third year of study;
- 3. Complete the degree programme within the three academic years.

#### **Second Class (Upper Division)**

- 1. Obtain a minimum OGPA of 3.30;
- 2. Obtain B or better grades in at least 36 credits of which at least 12 credits from the third year of study;
- 3. Complete the degree programme within the three academic years.

#### **Second Class (Lower Division)**

- 1. Obtain a minimum OGPA of 3.00;
- 2. Obtain B or better grades in at least 36 credits of which at least 12 credits from the third year of study;
- 3. Complete the degree programme within the three academic years.

### **Detailed Syllabus**

## Year I Semester I

Course Code	CO1121	Course Name		Basic Mathematics for Computing	
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed t	o provide students the basic mathematical and logical		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	concepts t	o boost their ma	thematical t	hinking in a	computing environment.
Intended	At the end	of the course, s	tudents will	be able to:	
Learning	- de	fine basics of ma	athematical	concepts suc	ch as indices, logarithms and sets
Outcomes	- de	fine logical prop	ositions, pr	edicates and	quantifiers
(ILOs):	- ide	entify the solutio	n using pro	of by direct,	contradiction, counter examples,
	an	d mathematical i	nduction		
	- rec	cognize techniqu	es of counti	ng	
Course	Indices a	nd Logarithms:	: Index law	s, surds, e <sup>x</sup> ,	Logarithms: Definition, laws of
Content:	logarithm	s, change of base	e, Graphs of	$a^{x}$ , $\log_{a}x$ ; $S_{0}$	ets: Introduction to sets, subsets,
	proper su	bsets, power se	ts, universa	al set, null	set, equality of two sets, Venn
	diagrams,	Set operations,	Laws of al	gebra of set	s proofs of the laws using Venn
	diagram, proofs of results using the laws.; Logic: Propositions, Propositional				
					pes of Proofs; <b>Relations:</b> Ordered
	pairs and the Cartesian product of two sets, Definition of a relation, Relation from a				
					sets of ordered pairs Inverse of a
			-		<b>'unctions:</b> Function as a mapping
			•		on from a finite set A onto a set B,
		_			a finite set A to a finite set B,
		-		-	function as a set of ordered pairs,
	_		_		ns; Techniques of counting:
		ons, Binomial th	eorem and	the binomial	coefficients, Combinations, Tree
To a alice a /	diagrams			4 - 1 1	
Teaching /	activities	emonstration, U	ise of singe	es, take noi	me exercises, tutorials, in-class
Learning Methods:	activities				
	Francisco Assessment Duell 1 / Marie 1 / Control				
Assessment Methods:	Formative Assessment - Problem sheets, Multiple choice questions, Structured				
Methous.	questions	va Accacemant	nt – Written Test		
Assessment		is Assessments -			
Strategy:		ester Examination			
Sirangy.			uous Assessment + End Semester Examination		
Recommended			atics: By A.Chtewynd and P.Diggle		
Reading(s):			, , ,		
reading(s).	2. Discrete Mathematics: By Olympia Nicodemi, CBS Publishers and distributors				

	3.	Theory and problems	of probability:	By S.Lipshutz,	, McGraw Hill, Singapore
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- 4. Theory and problems of finite Mathematics: By S. Lipshutz, McGraw Hill, Singapore
- 5. Elementary algebra for school: By Hall and Knight
- 6. Pure Mathematics: By Bostock and Chandler
- 7. Pure Mathematics: By Backhouse and Honldsworth Longman

Course Code	CO1122	Course Name		Basic Con	nputer Programming			
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Theory   Practical   Independent Learning				
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	introduce	basic progra	mming concepts and the object-			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	oriented c	oncepts						
Intended	At the end	of the course, s	tudents will	be able to:				
Learning	- rec	ognize different	programm	ng language	es and object oriented			
Outcomes	pro	ogramming.						
(ILOs):	- de	fine variables, ar	nd datatypes	S.				
	- ide	entify various typ	pes of opera	tors.				
	- ch	oose appropriate	selective st	atements or	iterative statements based on the			
	pro	oblem.						
Course	Introduction to programming language: Programming languages: Generations							
Content:	of languages, Translators, Program style and documentation, Basics of Object-							
	Oriented 1	Programming ar	nd its termi	nology Evo	lution, Introduction to Standard			
	C++ Prog	ramming Langu	age, Runni	ng C++Prog	grams; Statements Expressions,			
				<del>-</del>	ressions, Comments in Standard			
	C++, Literals, Variables, Data types; <b>Operators:</b> Arithmetic Operators; Logical							
	-	-		-	rs; Operator Precedence; <b>Arrays</b>			
					Multidimensional Arrays, Array			
		•			Statements, Jump Statements;			
	_				reating and destroying Objects,			
	_		_		guments to methods, Constructor			
		=		<del>-</del>	or Overloading, Friend Functions			
					ss String; <b>Pointers:</b> Introduction			
					and Dynamic Arrays; Separate			
	_	´ -	, <b>-</b>	-	reams, Tools for I/O Stream;			
		•		•	es; Linked Lists; Exception			
Too shire = /		; Iterators and						
Teaching /		emonstration, U	se of shae	s, take nor	me exercises, tutorials, in-class			
Learning Methods:	activities							
Assessment	Droblom o	heets, Multiple o	phoice quest	ione Structi	ras quastions			
Methods:	r roblem s	necis, munipie C	morce quest	ions, Su ucli	ires questions			
wiethods:								

Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination						
Recommended	1. Computer Programming: Fundamentals for Absolute Beginners by						
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Alexander Bill, ISBN: 9781075569982						
	2. Fundamentals of C++ Programming by Richard L. Halterman						

Course Code	CO111	Course		Dractical	work on CO1122			
Course Coue	2	Name		Tractical	Work on CO1122			
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed t	to teach the	students pra	actical implementation of basic			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	computer	programming.						
Intended	At the en	d of the course, s	students wil	l be able to:				
Learning	- de	emonstrate funda	amental prog	gramming co	oncepts			
Outcomes	- id	entify classes, ol	bjects, mem	bers of a clas	ss and relationships among them			
(ILOs):	ne	eeded for a speci	fic problem					
	- de	evelop codes to s	solve real world problems					
	- pr	ovide solutions	to mathematical problems using structural language					
	- de	monstrate the pro	gramming skills on problem-solving					
Course	The pract	cical implementa	ation is based on the theory components covered in the					
Content:	course CO	D1122: Basic Co	omputer Programming and the lab sessions will be based					
	on the co	ntemporary com	puter platforms and tools.					
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentations.	, Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises, Practical					
Learning	records, 7	Tutorial discussion	on					
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	Group /In	dividual Present	tations, Sma	ıll Projects, (	Quizzes, Practical assessment			
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to so	olve real world p	roblems					
Assessment	Continuo	us Assessments	- 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Sem	ester Examinatio	on - 65 %					
	Final Ma	rks = Continuou	s Assessmei	nt + End-Ser	mester Examination			
Recommended	1. C	omputer Progra	ımming: F	undamentals	for Absolute Beginners by			
<b>Reading(s):</b>	A	lexander Bill, IS	BN: 97810'	75569982				
	2. Fu	andamentals of <b>C</b>	C++ Program	nming by Ri	chard L. Halterman			

~ ~ -	CO112	Course							
Course Code	3	Name	F	ormal Metho	ods for Problem Solving				
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning				
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70				
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cour	rse is designed t	o introduce	systematic	software development concepts				
<b>Objective(s):</b>	using VD	M							
Intended	At the end of the course, students will be able to:								
Learning	- de	- define implicit specifications of functions, operations, and set notations,							
Outcomes	pr	opositional logic	cs, predicat	e logics					
(ILOs):	- st	ate whether state	ements are l	ogically equ	ivalent				
	- st	ate the truth valu	e for predi	cates and qua	antifier statements				
	- de	efine concept of	proof of ba	sic mathema	tical problems				
	- id	entify appropria	te proof tec	hniques to b	e used for a particular problem.				
Course	Logic of	Logic of Propositions: Propositional operators, Concept of Proof, Proofs in							
<b>Content:</b>	proposition	onal calculus; <b>F</b>	Reasoning	about Predi	icates: Truth valued functions,				
	Quantifiers, Proofs in propositional calculus; Functions and Operations:								
	Implicit specification of functions, Correctness proofs, Reasoning about partial								
	functions	, Implicit speci	ification of	f operations	; Set Notation: Set notation,				
	Reasoning about sets, Theories of Datatypes, Specifications; Co mposite Objects								
		and Invariants: Notation, Structural induction and invariants, States and proof							
	obligations; <b>Map Notation:</b> Notation, Reasoning about Maps, Specification;								
		-			Sequence, Specifications; Data				
	_			•	ons and adequacy, Operation				
	modelling proof, Modules as data types, Exceptions, Implementation bias in								
	models, Property oriented specifications of data types; <b>Operation</b>								
	<b>Decomposition:</b> Decomposition rules, Assertions as annotations, Decomposition								
	_	-			ase Study: Partitions of a fixed				
	_		-		ner/ Galler algorithm, Operation				
	Decompo								
Teaching /	Lecture-d	lemonstration, U	Jse of slid	es, take hor	ne exercises, tutorials, in-class				
Learning	activities	•			•				
Methods:									
Assessment	Problem	sheets, Multiple	choice que	stions, Struct	tures questions				
Methods:		, 1	1	,	1				
Assessment	Continuo	us Assessments	- 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Sem	ester Examination	on - 65 %						
				nt + End Ser	nester Examination				
Recommended					DM: By Cliff B. Jones, Second				
Reading(s):		on, Prentice Hall	-	_	,				
6.57									

<b>Course Code</b>	CO1124	Course Name	Computer Systems & PC Applications				
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	_	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to introdu	ce basics of	computer and communication		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	technolog	ies and their usa	isages.				
Intended	At the end	d of the course,	students w	ill be able to	:		
Learning	- ide	entify various co	omponents	of computer	r system and its functions		
Outcomes	- rec	cognize differen	t number s	ystems and	ways of data representation		
(ILOs):	- rel	late the generati	ons of com	puter			
	- W1	rite basic DOS c	ommands				
	- se	lect suitable ap	plication s	oftwares (w	ord, spreadsheet, database, and		
	po	werpoint) appro	priate for	different pur	poses		
	- rec	cognize compute	iter networks				
Course	Introduct	<b>Introduction to Computers:</b> Functions of Computers (What is computer? Why					
<b>Content:</b>	computers	s needed?, Wha	t does a co	omputer can	do? Input / Output operations		
	Arithmeti	c and logical	operations	, Storage o	pperations; Data / Information		
	Processing	g., Components	of Compu	iter: Input /	Output Units, Processing Units		
	Memory,	Secondary stora	ge devices	; Functions o	of central processing unit, ALU		
	CU., Hai	rdware / Soft	ware / F	irmware., (	General and Special purpose		
	Computer	rs.), Computer	System C	Overview: (1	Numbering Systems: Decimal		
	Binary, E	Base 4, Octal, 1	Hexadecin	nal, data co	nversion, Data Representation		
	Character	(Bit, Byte, KB,	MB, GB,	ГВ, ASCII, I	EBCDIC, Code), Number: Fixed		
	Point, Flo	oating Point, Da	ta Transm	ission Word	Length(8,16,32,64bits), Serial		
					AND, NOR, XOR (using truth		
	tables and	d gates)), Input	and Out	Put Device	es (Keyboard, pointing devices		
	(Mouse, t	rack ball, touch	n pad, joy	stick), writii	ng and Drawing Input Devices		
			_	-	ıt (Digital Camera), Text Inpu		
	(Scanner,	OCR), Voice	Input (Voi	ce Recognit	ion), Text / Graphic / Sound		
		-	-	-	Oot Matrix Non-impact: - Laser		
				•	w Resolution, Bit map, LCD)		
		` .	· ·	, , .	Devices (principles of Magnetic		
					ussion on Seek time, Rotationa		
	_			_	tors, Inter blocking gap, RAII		
		_	_		DVD), Main Circuit Board of		
	PC (Chips	s, Ports, Expans	ion Slots,	RAM, ROM	I, PROM, EPROM, EEPROM)		

Memory Hierarchy (Register, Buffer, RAM, Disk Cache, Disk, Tape (Capacity, Access time), Types of Processing: Batch, Real-Time, Online, offline, Computer Viruses and its Precautions); **History of Computers:** Evolution, 1to 5Generations, Classification of Computers (Old and Modern), PC Micro Processors: Intel Series 8 bit to Pentium; **MS DOS Operating Systems:** Single and Multiuser O/S, DOS Commands, Batch files: autoexec.bat, TSR routines,

	GUI; Application Software: Word-processing, Spreadsheet Applications,									
	Database Applications; Creation and Presentation of Computer Graphics:									
	Power Point; Multimedia Tools and Devices; Introduction to PC Networks									
	and Internets: Evolution of Networks, Advantages of Networks, Components									
	of Networks, The Internet, Intranet and Extranet									
Teaching /	Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-class									
Learning	activities									
<b>Methods:</b>										
Assessment	Problem sheets, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions									
<b>Methods:</b>										
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %									
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %									
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination									
Recommended	Teach yourself all about computers: By Barry Press and Marcia Press									
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. Using Computers and Information: By Jack B.Rochester									

Course Code	CO1114	Course Name	Practical work on CO1124				
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	rse is designed	to teach	the student	s practicals on application		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	softwares.						
Intended	At the end	of the course, s	students wil	l be able to:			
Learning	- do	windows opera	ting system				
Outcomes	- pe	rform word prod	cessing				
(ILOs):	- pre	epare spreadshee	eet				
	- pro	epare presentation	ons				
Course	The practi	etical implementation is based on the theory components covered in the					
Content:		-	er Systems & PC Applications and the lab sessions will				
	be based of	on the contempo	orary computer platforms and tools.				
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentation	ons, Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,				
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutorial	l discussion				
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group /Inc	dividual Present	ations, Sma	ll Projects, (	Quizzes, Practical assessment		
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to so	lve real world p	roblems				
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %				
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination	on - 65 %				
	Final Mar	ks = Continuous	s Assessment + End Semester Examination				
Recommended	1. Teach	yourself all abo	out compute	rs: By Barry	Press and Marcia Press		
<b>Reading</b> (s):	2. Using	Computers and	Information	n: By Jack B	.Rochester		

Course Code	CO1125	Course Name	Statistics for Science & Technology					
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	<b>Independent Learning</b>			
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA GPA						
Aim(s) /	This cour	is course is designed to teach the students the statistical theories and its						
<b>Objective(s):</b>	applicatio	ns in the field o	f science an	d technology	<i>I</i> .			
Intended	At the end	At the end of the course, students will be able to:						
Learning	- ide	entify samples a	nd populati	ons				
Outcomes	- rec	cognize samples	s in terms of	frequency d	istributions and central			
(ILOs):	me	easurements						
			-	ersions, mom	ents, skewness Kurtosis and			
		ply probability						
		•	andard distr	ributions and	apply elementary sampling			
		eories						
			t estimation parameters and apply statistical decision					
	theories							
Course	Introduction: Role of Statistics in Science and Technology, Types of data,							
Content:	Sample and sample statistics, Population and population parameters, Statistical							
	inferences; Frequency Distribution: Class intervals, class limits, class							
		_			ative frequency distribution,			
				•	requency curves & smoothed			
					Central Tendency: Statistical			
				•	n, Geometric mean, Harmonic			
			•	-	ong mean, median and mode,			
				='	Measure of Dispersions:			
	_		_		emi-inter-quartile range, 10 to			
	_	•			nce, Short method to calculate			
			-		viation, Empirical relations			
		-			variations, standard variation, <b>Kurtosis:</b> Moments and its			
			*		ts in dimensionless form,			
		=	_		pability Theory: Definition,			
	-				nt Events, Mutually Exclusive			
		•	•	•	xpectation, Relation between			
		•			omial, Normal and Poisson			
		-						
	<b>Distribution:</b> Binomial distribution, Normal distribution, Relation between the							

Binomial and Normal distribution, Poison distribution and the relation between Binomial and Poisson distribution; **Elementary Sampling Theory:** Random samples and sampling theory, Sampling with and without replacement, Sampling distribution of means, proportions, difference and sums, Standard Errors; **Statistical Estimation Theory:** Estimation of parameters, unbiased

estimation officiant estimation Daint estimation Internal Estimation and their								
estimation, efficient estimation, Point estimation, Interval Estimation and their								
reliability, Confidence interval estimates of population parameters, Probable								
errors; <b>Statistical Decision Theory:</b> Statistical decisions, Hypotheses, Tests of								
Hypotheses and significance or decision rules, Type I and Type II Errors, Level								
of Significance, Two tailed, one tailed tests; Small samples: Student's t								
distribution, chi- square distribution, F-distribution, Chi-Square Test (Observed								
and theoretical frequencies, Definition of Chi square, Significance tests, the chi-								
square tests for Goodness of Fit, Contingency table, formula for computing chi-								
square); Curve fitting and the method of least squares: Relationships								
between variables, Equation of appropriate curves, Method of least squares,								
Non-linear relationships, The least squares of parabola, Regression;								
Correlation Theory: Correlation and regression, linear correlation, Measure of								
correlation, Multiple and partial correlation; ANOVA: Purpose, one way								
clarification, Short cut method for obtaining variance, Mathematical model for								
ANOVA, F-tests for the Null Hypothesis of equal measures								
Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-class								
activities								
Problem sheets, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions								
Continuous Assessments - 35 %								
End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination								
1. Statistics Concepts and Applications by: Harry Frank & Steven C.								
Althoen								
2. Mathematical Statistics by: J.N.Kapur, H.C.Saxena								
3. Applied Statistics and Probability for Engineers by:								
Dougles, C. Montgomery, George C. Runger								

Course Code	CO1115	Course Name	Practical work on CO1125				
Year	I	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learnin				
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	igned to teach the students practical implementation of				
<b>Objective(s):</b>	statistical	theories.					
Intended	At the end	of the course, students will be able to:					
Learning		nonstrate charts for samples in terms of frequency distributions and					
Outcomes	central measurements						
(ILOs):	<ul> <li>apply different formulas for various measure of dispersions, moments, skewness Kurtosis and apply probability theories</li> <li>identify various standard distributions and apply elementary sampling</li> </ul>						
		theories					

Course	The practical implementation is based on the theory components covered in the							
<b>Content:</b>	course CO1125 Statistic for Science & Technology and the lab sessions will be							
	based on the contemporary computer platforms and tools.							
Teaching /	Handouts / Presentations , Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,							
Learning	Practical records, Tutorial discussion							
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	Group /Individual Presentations, Small Projects, Quizzes, Practical assessment							
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to solve real world problems							
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %							
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %							
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination							
Recommended	1. Statistics Concepts and Applications by: Harry Frank & Steven C. Althoen							
<b>Reading(s):</b>								

Course Code	CO1126	Course Name	Management Information System					
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	<b>Independent Learning</b>			
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	introduce di	fferent Mana	agement Information systems			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	in the Info	rmation age an	d their applic	cations.				
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:				
Learning	- ide	entify different	MIS					
Outcomes	- rec	cognize data wa	rehouse and	data mining				
(ILOs):	- ide	dentify different database technologies						
	- recognize various decision support and artificial intelligent systems							
	- identify digital firms and system development cycles							
	- state impact of IT on organisations, individuals, and society							
	- rec	cognize emerge	gency trends and technologies					
Course	Introduct	ion: What is M	MIS?, Importance and Evolution of MIS, Computers and					
<b>Content:</b>	MIS, Org	anisational Stru	actures, Log	ical foundat	ions of MIS, Types of Mis,			
	Future of I	MIS; The Info	ormation age and the changing the face of Business:					
	Today's E	Economy, New	Economy, C	Global Econ	omy, and Digital Economy,			
	Information	on as a key	resource, Po	eople as a	key resource, Information			
	Technology as a key resource, Roles and Goals of IT, Computer Hardware and							
	,	Software(Categories of Computers by size: PDA, Notebook, Desktop, mini,						
	mainframe	mainframe, Supercomputer, Software: Application Software, System Software,						
	Hardware	: 1/O Devices,	characteristi	ics of CPU	and RAM, Storage devices,			
	Telecomm	nunication dev	devices and connectivity devices); Using IT for					
	_	_	-		s Sch web, Dell Corporation,			
	Cisco Sys	stems, Develop	ing a strateg	gy for the I	internet Age: The five-force			

model and its usage, the three generic strategies and its usages, Bridging the gap between Business people and technical people, viewing business problem from another perspective, demanding a creative Design, the values chain, Looking beyond the company, Key E-Commerce Strategies, The U. S. Airline Industry (Airline Reservation System, Frequent Flyer Programs, Yield Management System), www, Search Engines (direct and true search engines), Ordering the sales product on the Internet, Websites, address, pages and understanding addressing and Brower software, Internet technologies: Backbone, Server's communications, Protocols; Database Technology: Database and Enterprise management, File processing System, Data independence, database approach, database architecture, DBMS, Data models, RDBMS, SQL, 4GL; Databases and data warehouses: Knowledge Management, The Relational Database model, DBMS tools, Data warehouses and Data mining: Analysing and Visualization, Managing the information resources in an organisations, Building Information Systems: Designing and Building a relational Database; Decision support and Artificial Intelligence: Decision support systems, Collaboration systems, Geographic Information System, Artificial Intelligence, Expert systems, Neural Networks, Genetic Algorithms, Intelligent Agents; The Digital Firm: Electronic Business and Electronic Commerce: Doing Business in the Digital Economy E-Business, Use of EDI and Extranets in E-Business, Growth of E-Commerce, Advantages, Keys to Success in Business to Customer E-Commerce, Business to Business E -Commerce, E- Commerce Payment Systems, Role of E-Government, Key E- Commerce Strategies, The U.S Airline Industry is an example; System Development: Steps, tools and **techniques:** Seven phases in the Systems Development Life Cycle, Knowledge workers and their roles in SDLC, Why system fails?, Self-sourcing and Outsourcing, Proto typing; IT infrastructure: Business -Driven Technology: Organisational goals and strategies (Increase employee's productivity, Enhance decision making, Improve team collaboration, Create business partners and alliances, Enable global reach, Facilitate original transformation), IT infrastructure and the real world, Impacts of IT on Organizations, Individuals, and Society; **Protecting people and information:** Threats and Safeguards: Ethics, Privacy, Information, Security and controls, Computer Crimes and Forensics: Computer Crimes, Computer Forensics, Recovery and Interpretation, Social issues in the Digital Firms; Emergency Trends and Technologies: Business, People, and Technology tomorrow, The need for information filtering, The movement towards intellectual, Computing, Changing in Physiological interaction, Increasing portability and mobility, The Digital Frontiers, The rebirth of E-Commerce and other important considerations

Teaching /
Learning
Methods:

Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-class activities

Assessment	Problem sheets, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. Management Information System for the Information Age By: Stephen					
Reading(s):	<ul> <li>Haag, Maeve Cummings and Donald J. McCabbrey 4th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill</li> <li>Information Technology for Management Transforming Organizations in the Digital Economy By: EFRAIM TURBAN, EPHRAIM MCLEAN and JAMES WETHERBE</li> <li>Management Information System By: S. Sadagopan, Prentice Hall of India, 2001</li> <li>Management Information System Managing the Digital Firm By: Kennerth C. Laudon and Jane P, Laudon</li> <li>Management Strategy for I.T. An international Perspective By: Wendy</li> </ul>					
	Curie, Pitman Publishing					

Course Code	GEP - I	Course Name	General English Proficiency - I			
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning	
Semester	I	Breakdown.	30	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	NGPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed t	to teach the	students Eng	glish skills for understanding	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	the technical environment.					
Intended	At the end	ne end of the course, students will be able to:				
Learning	- co:	comprehend what they listen to in English				
Outcomes	- use	use the spoken form in their day to day activities				
(ILOs):	- pro	roduce good technical writing				
	- use	e electronic media for learning English				
Course	UNIT 1: I	<b>UNIT 1: Listening:</b> Introducing learners to GIE - Types of listening - Listening				
<b>Content:</b>	to audio (	idio (verbal & sounds); <b>Speaking:</b> Speaking about one's place, important				
	festivals e	stivals etc Introducing oneself, one's family / friend; <b>Reading:</b> Skimming a				
	reading pa	assage - Scanni	sage - Scanning for specific information - Note-making; Writing:			
			y given topic (My favourite place / Hobbies / School life, etc.)			
		ntence completion – Autobiographical writing (writing about one's leisure				
	time activ	me activities, hometown, etc.); <b>Grammar:</b> Prepositions - Reference words -				
	_		ns - Tenses (Simple); Vocabulary: Word formation - Word			
	expansion	(root words /	ot words / etymology); E-materials: Interactive exercises for			
	Grammar	& Vocabulary	ry - Reading comprehension exercises - Listening to			
	audio files and answering questions; UNIT II: Listening: Listening and					

	responding to video lectures / talks; Speaking: Describing a simple process						
	(filling a form, etc.). Asking & answering questions. Telephone skills -						
	Telephone etiquette: Reading - Critical reading Finding key information in a						
	given text Sifting facts from opinions; Writing: Biographical writing (place,						
	people) - Lab descriptions (general / specific description of laboratory						
	experiments) - Definitions - Recommendations; Grammar: use of imperatives						
	- Subject-verb agreement; <b>Vocabulary:</b> Compound words - Word Association;						
	E-materials: Interactive exercises for Grammar and Vocabulary - Listening						
	exercises with sample telephone conversations/lectures - Picture-based						
	activities.						
Teaching /	Direct Interaction , Online Resources, Self Study						
Learning							
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group activity, Written Test						
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination						
Recommended	1. Mindscapes: English for Technologists and Engineers, Department Orient						
<b>Reading</b> (s):	Black Swan, 2012						
	2. S.P. Dhanavel, English and Communication Skills for students of Science						
	and Engineering, Oriented Black Swan, Chennai, 2011						
	3. Pickett, Nell Ann, Ann A. Laster and Katherine E. Staples: Technical						
	English: Writing, Reading, and Speaking, New York: Longman, 2011						
	4. Savarimuthu, J. S. Rohan and G. Petricia Alphine Nirmala. <i>English</i>						
	Grammar and Usage: An Ideal Companion for Advanced Learners.						
	Chennai: New Century Book House (NCBH), June 2016. (ISBN 978-81-						
	2343-204-5) (Code No. A3506)						

## Year I Semester II

Course Code	CO1221	Course Name	System Analysis and Design		
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	<b>Independent Learning</b>
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA		
Aim(s) /	This course is designed to introduce System analysing and development of				
<b>Objective(s):</b>	designing a suitable model for a practical problem.				
Intended	At the end of the course, students will be able to:				
Learning	<ul> <li>recognize different system development approaches</li> </ul>				
Outcomes	- compare different system development life cycles				
(ILOs):	- identify system requirements				

- design and illustrate a suitable system
- understand object-oriented development methods
- discuss CASE Tools and their benefits

## Course Content:

Introduction to System Design Environment: System Development Approaches (Function Oriented, Data Oriented, Object Oriented), Development Process (Methodologies, Tools, Modelling methods), Processing Types and systems (Batch Processing, Real Time Processing), Management Process (Management, System Analysts, Programmers, Computer Operators, End Users), System Structure (People, Processes, and Data, Databases), Personal Systems, Centralized Systems (Data warehousing, data mining), Distributed Systems (Evolution of Distributed Processing, Client Server Systems, Agent Oriented Systems); System Development Life Cycle (SDLC): Linear and water fall cycles (Linear Cycle phases: Problem definition, system specification, system design, system development, testing, maintenance), Problems with Linear Cycles, Interactive cycles (Spiral Model); **Requirements** Analysis: Importance of communication, Identifying requirements (Data and Facts gathering techniques, Feasibility studies), Introduction to prototyping (Rapid prototyping tools, Benefits of prototyping); System Design and Modeling: Logical and Physical Design, User interface Design (Interface Design tools, User interface evaluations), Introduction to Process modelling, Introduction Data Modeling; System Design Techniques: Document Flow Diagrams (Documents, Physical Movement of Documents, Usefulness of Document Flow Diagrams), Data Flow Diagrams (DFD Notation, Context Diagram, DFD levelling (Process Descriptions, Structured English, Decision Trees, and Decision Tables)), Entity Relationship Diagrams (Entities, Attributes, Relationships, Degree, Optionality, Resolving many to many relationships, Exclusive relationships), Structure charts (Modules, Parameter Passing, Execution sequence, Structured Design, Conversion from Data Flow Diagrams to Structure Charts); Introduction to Object Modeling and Object **Development methods:** Representations: Classes, Objects, Associations, Aggregations, Inheritance, Multiple Inheritance, Modelling behaviour: Actors, Use cases, Interaction diagrams, State diagrams, Object Development Methods: (Methodologies: OOSE (Object Oriented Software Engineering); Grady Booch A Design Method, OMT (Object Modeling Techniques) Method; Rational Unified Process (RUP), Object Libraries: Reuse, Continual Refinement); System Implementation, Maintenance and Documentation: Testing, Evaluation, Maintenance Activities, Documentation (Document Configuration, Maintaining a configuration); CASE Tools: Computer Aided Software Engineering: Methodologies, Techniques and Tools, Components of a CASE tool: (Diagramming Tools, Report Generators, Information Repository, code Generators, Benefits of Using CASE Tools in System Development)

Teaching /	Lectures, Tutorials, class discussions, take home exercises, Guided learning					
Learning						
Methods:						
Assessment	MCQ, Structured Question, Presentation					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. System Analysis and Design Methods by: Jeffrey L. Whitten, Lonnie D.					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Bentey (Tata McGraw-Hill)					
	2. Practical SSADM: A complete Tutorial Guide, Philip L Weaver (Pitman					
	Publishing)					
	3. An Introduction to System Analysis Techniques, Mark Lejk, David Deeks					
	(Prentice Hall)					
	4. System Analysis and Design, Don Yeates, Maura Shields and David Helmy					
	(Longman group Ltd)					

Course Code	CO1222	Course Name	Data Structures & Algorithms			
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning	
Semester	II	Breakdown.	30	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	teach vario	us data struc	tures and standard algorithms	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	that are us	that are used to solve various real-world problems.				
Intended	At the end	At the end of the course, students will be able to:				
Learning	- rec	cognize various	s data structures and algorithms			
Outcomes	- rel	ate them to solv	o solve real world problems			
(ILOs):	- cla	ssify different	y different algorithms			
	- understanding sorting and searching algorithms					
	- est	imate time con	nplexity for different algorithms			
Course	Introduct	ntroduction to Data Structures: Definition of Data Structures, Static and				
<b>Content:</b>	•	-	ation, Examples of real-life applications; The Stacks:			
		finitions, Array based and Linked List implementation, Examples: Infix,				
		Postfix, Prefix representation, Application: A simple calculator, Mathematical				
	Expression Evaluation; Queues and Lists: Definition, Array based/ Linked List					
	-		rular implementation of Queues and Singly/ Doubly linked			
			<b>Prees:</b> Definition of Trees and Binary Trees, Properties of			
		-	nentation, Binary Traversal: Pre-Order, Post-Order, In-			
			y Search Trees Implementations, Balanced Trees, AVL			
		-	Graphs: Definition of Undirected and Directed			
	Graphs, A	raphs, Array based implementation of graphs, Adjacency Matrix, Path Matrix				

	implementation, Linked List representation of graphs, Shortest Path Algorithm,							
	Graph traversal: Breadth first and Depth first traversals, Connectivity of Graphs,							
	Applications; Tables: Definitions, Hash function, Implementation and							
	Applications; Running Time: Time Complexity: Big O notation, Running							
	times: best case, worst case and average case, Factors depends on running time,							
	Introduction to Recursion, Divide and Contour Algorithm, Evaluating time							
	Complexity; Sorting Algorithms: Basic sorting algorithms: Bubble sort,							
	Selection Sort, Insertion Sort and their implementations, Efficiency of the above							
	algorithms, Recursive Algorithms: Shell Sort, Merge Sort, Quick Sort							
	algorithms, Heap Sort, Radix sort algorithms; Searching Algorithms: Straight							
	Sequential Search: Array and Linked List Implementation, Binary Search:							
	Recursive and Non-recursive algorithms, Indexed Sequential Search							
Teaching /	Lectures, Tutorials, class discussions, take home exercises, Guided learning							
Learning								
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	MCQ, Structured Question, Presentation, Oral questions							
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %							
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %							
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination							
Recommended	1. Analysis of Algorithms: by M.A. Weiss							
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. Data Structures and Algorithms: by A.V.Aho							

Course Code	CO1212	Course Name	Practical work on CO1222			
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning	
Semester	II	Breakdown	-	30	20	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA	
Aim(s) / Objective(s):		se is designed to & Algorithms	o teach the students practical implementation of Data theories.			
Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):	- Im	plement variou	students will be able to: s data structures and algorithms lve real world problems			
Course Content:	The practical implementation is based on the theory components covered in the course CO1222 Data Structures & Algorithms and the lab sessions will be based on the contemporary computer platforms and tools.					
Teaching / Learning Methods:	Demonstr	ations, Problem	Sheets			

Assessment Methods:	Group /Individual Presentations, Small Projects, Quizzes, Practical assessment tests to solve real world problems
Assessment Strategy:	Continuous Assessments - 35 % End-Semester Examination - 65 % Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination
Recommended Reading(s):	<ol> <li>Analysis of Algorithms: by M.A. Weiss</li> <li>Data Structures and Algorithms: by A.V.Aho</li> </ol>

Course Code	CO1223	Course Name	Data Base Management Systems					
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Theory Practical Independent Learnin				
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA		1	GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	o introduce t	o introduce the fundamentals of DBMS and their				
<b>Objective(s):</b>	practical u	isages.						
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students wil	l be able to:				
Learning	- un	derstand the file	e organisatio	on and access	s mechanisms			
Outcomes	- int	erpret DBMS e	volution, da	ta models, de	esign models			
(ILOs):	- illı	ustrate ER diag	ram					
	- ap	ply normalisati	on technique	es				
	- ma	anipulate data						
Course	File organisation and access mechanisms (6hrs.): Introduction Physical							
<b>Content:</b>	Storage of	ge of Data (Guidelines for physical database design, Concepts of indexes.;						
	Secondary	-Key Access: 1	Primary key, Secondary key.; File organisation terms					
	and conce	pts; Operations	on Files; Keyed and non-keyed files.; Physical Access					
			selector, buffer manager, file manager, Disk storage.;					
		•	Main Memory, Secondary storage, disk drive, cylinder,					
			_	_	em, Physical storage blocks,			
		0,,	Performance Factors, Storage Formats and File					
	_				s: Access motion time, head			
			<u>-</u>		e, data transfer time, example			
			sequential access records., Data Storage Formats: Track					
		-			, Record formats, Physical			
		_		Ū	h records, Input/ Output			
	_		_		thods: Heap, ISAM, Hashing,			
	, .	· ·		· ·	lethods (4hrs.) (Serial File,			
	-	•		-	e Organization; illustrations.,			
		•			ns, Dynamic hash function,			
		-		-	: Linked lists, Pointers, Head			
	list, Inver	ted lists, Balar	nced-Tree in	idex (B+ Tr	ree), Rooted tree, leaf, path,			

Construction of B-Tree index), Mapping Logical Data Structures to Physical Data Structures

File organisation for relational tables. (Mapping process for Relational Data structures, clustering of Tables, Clustering indexes., De-normalisation.), Database Administration and Control (Data administrator, Database Administrator (DBA), Functions of a DBA., Roles of a DBA with respect to Database Integrity, Transaction Processing Concurrency Control, Database Security and Database Recovery.); Introduction to DBMS: The Evolution of Database Technology (Data, information, database, database system, database management system; increasing use of data as a corporate resource, Data processing and data management., File oriented systems: Meeting the need for random access processing; Limitations of Traditional File Systems: Data redundancy, Inadequate data manipulation capabilities, program data dependency; Data independence.), Database Architecture (Components of a Database Management System (DBMS): Data Dictionary (importance, contents), meta data; Data security and integrity mechanism; Concurrent access for multiple users; User oriented data query and reporting Application development facilities., Database Systems; ANSUSPARC Three-level Architecture: Conceptual model, Logical model, Physical model, External view, Conceptual view, Internal view of data., Data specification and access mechanisms: Data Definition Language (DDL), Sub-Schema DDL (SDDL), Data Manipulation Language (DML); Users: End users, Database Administrator (DBA); DBMS: Functions, Capabilities, Advantages and disadvantages.); Data Model (02 hrs): Introduction to Data models (Brief overview of Hierarchical, Network, Relational, Object relational and Object oriented data models Outline of the Data definition and data manipulation constructs in each of the above data models Comparison of the above data models), Introduction to Current Directions (Database Server, Client/Server Platforms, Distributed Databases Data Warehousing and Data Mining Open Systems, Interoperability, Database access over Internet, Open Database Connectivity (ODBC)); Database design process (05 hrs): Database Design Approach (Introduction: Benefits, Critical success factors, Where it fits into the application development process, Approach, Data requirement analysis: Gain an understanding of the business; Conceptual modelling: Identify the principal data objects, Diagram the data objects using the entity-relationship (ER) approach, Resolve the conceptual data model, Determine attribute specifications and data types, Verify the conceptual data model through normalisation; Logical model; Physical model; Database Design tools.), ER Concepts and Terminology (Three classes of objects: Entities, Relationships and Attributes., Entities: Entity, Entity instance, Subtype and Supertype Entities, Strong and weak entities, Generalisation, specialisation and aggregation., Relationships: Connectivity (binary, n-ary), (1:1, 1:N, M:N), Determining the connectivity, Cardinality, Existence dependency (mandatory,

optional)., Attributes: Identifying attributes, Attribute types (identifier, descriptor), Derived data, Domain, Composite attributes.), ER Diagrams (The Role of ER Diagrams., Basic Objects: Bachman Style, Relationship Representation., Alternative Syntax: Chen., Exercises.), Mapping Conceptual model into relational schema (2hrs.) (Regular, weak, generalised and specialised entities, Relationship types, Multi-valued attributes., Resolve the conceptual data model; Redundant Relationships; Recursive Relationships; Resolving Relationships: 1:1, M:N.), Attribute Specifications and Data types (3hrs.) (Attribute names, Naming conventions, Avoid Synonyms and Homonyms, Null Values, Entity integrity, Unique Requirement., Categories of Data Types: Character, Numeric, Variable Character, Date, Serial, Money, Datetime, Interval., Character: CHARACTER (CHAR); Numeric: INTEGER (INT), SMALLINT, FLOAT, SMALLFLOAT, DECIMAL; Variable Character: CHARACTER VARYING (VARCHAR); Binary Large Object (BLOB): Text, Byte.); Data normalisation process and the normal forms (02hrs.): Introduction to data normalisation and normal forms (What is normalisation, Benefits of normalisation, Normalisation Rules 1NF, 2NF, 3NF and Higher NF.), First Normal Form (1NF, Why convert to INF, Conversion to 1NF;), Second Normal Form (2NF, Functional Dependence and Fully Functional Dependence, Why convert to 2NF, Conversion to 2NF), Third Normal Form (3NF, Transitive Dependence, Why convert to 3NF, Conversion to 3NF.), Normalisation considerations (Good and bad decompositions Multivalued dependencies, Join dependencies. Higher Normal Forms: Boyce-Codd NF, 4NF, SNF, Domain-Key NF); **Data Manipulation (12hrs.):** Relational Data Model (Introduction: Review of Logical data models, Definition of Relation, properties, tuple, domain, instance, cardinality, degree, schema. Concepts of keys: Candidate key, Primary key, Alternate key, Composite key, Surrogate key, Foreign key. Fundamental integrity rules: entity integrity, referential integrity.), Procedural Query Languages (Introduction: Different forms of query language interfaces; Query By-Example (QBE), Graphical, Procedural and Declarative query Languages., Mathematical foundations; Prepositional and predicate calculus: Boolean Algebra laws, Truth-valued function, free and bound variables, Precedence rules for the connectives, constant, variable, function reference., Relational algebra (RA): Traditional Set Operations (Union, Intersection, Difference, Product), Special Relational Operations (Select or Restrict, Project, Join, Different types of join (theta join, equi join, natural join, outer joins). Divide), Minimal set of operations, Simple and Complex queries using RA.), Declarative Query Languages (Relational calculus (tuple-oriented): target list, qualifying statement, Quantifiers (EXISTS, FOR ALL), relational algebra vs relational calculus. Structured Query Language (SQL); Introduction to SQL standards: SQL86, SQL89 and SQL92.), Creating SQL Databases and Tables (Creating a Database: CREATE DATABASE, Creating a database schema; Database options: Connect,

Disconnect, Select, Close, Create, Drop., Defining tables and views: CREATE TABLE, ALTER TABLE, DROP TABLE, Specifying integrity constraints: PRIMARY KEY, UNIQUE, NOT NULL, CHECK, Referential Integrity constraints (Cyclic, Self referencing, Multiple path) FOREIGN KEY (CASCADE, RESTRICT, NULIFIES), DEFAULT.), Selecting Data (Queries: SELECT Statement. (Single Table: all columns (\*), selecting specific columns (RA project operation), unique values (DISTINCT), Executing multiple statements (;), WHERE clause (RA select operation), including or excluding rows (=, !=), Relational Operators (=, !=, >, >=, <, =<), Identifying Null values (IS NULL), Where clause keywords (AND, OR, [NOT] BETWEEN, [NOT] IN, IS [NOT], NULL, [NOT] LIKE, ORDER BY, Arithmetic Operators (+, -, \*, /), Expressions, Display Labels, Aggregate Functions: COUNT, SUM, AVG, MAX, MIN, GROUP BY, HAVING.), Multiple Table: RA join and product operations, Natural Join, Multiple Table Joins, Aliases for table names, Outer Join, UNION., Functions: Arithmetic (ROUND, TRUNC), String (TO CHAR, UPPER, LOWER, Sub strings, Concatenation, TRIM), Date and Time (DAY, MONTH, YEAR, DATE, CURRENT)., Sub queries: Nested Select Statement, Values returned by sub queries (single value, a list of values), EXISTS, Correlated nested queries); **Data Insertion, Updating and Deletion:** (Inserting Data: INSERT INTO. [VALUESISELECT] including a column list, null values; obtaining values from a SELECT., Updating Data: UPDATE (selected columns, selected rows, with a sub query)., Deleting Data: DELETE (all data, selected data, with a sub query)., Insert Data from ASCII operating system file and Write Data to ASCII operating system file); Data View and Security: (Characteristics of user views, View definition and use: .Database CREATE VIEW, DROP VIEW Security: GRANT, REVOKE); Optimising Queries: Guidelines to optimise queries, Creating indexes: CREATE INDEX, DROP INDEX, Temporary tables; Optimising queries with Selection, Projection and Join operations.; Introduction to Database Transaction and Recovery: Standard-alone and embedded query languages., Triggers and events; stored procedures., Transactions: Concepts of transactions and transaction processing, COMMIT and ROLLBACK., Database concurrency and database recovery: Ill effects of concurrency, transaction logs, concepts of two-phase locking, deadlocks.; Introduction to 4GL Development Environment: Overview of GUI design; Designing menus, screens and reports; data validation in data entry screens., Creating Databases and Tables; Creating and using Forms, Queries and Reports.

Teaching / Learning

Lectures, Tutorials, class discussions, take home exercises, Guided learning

Assessment **Methods:** 

**Methods:** 

MCQ, Structured Question, Presentation, Oral questions

Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Marks= Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination						
Recommended	1. Database Management and Design by G.W.Hansen and J.V.Hansen,						
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Prentice-Hall						
	2. Database System Concepts by A.Silberschatz McGraw-Hill						
	3. Principles of Database Management by A.K. Majumdar and P.						
	Bhattacharyya, McGraw-Hill						
	4. Fundamentals of Database Systems by R.FElmasri and S.B.Navathe						

Course Code	CO1213	Course Name	Practical work on CO1223				
Year	I	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning				
Semester	II	Breakdown	-	30	20		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed t	o teach the s	tudents prac	etical data organising, storing		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	and manip	oulation using a	Database m	anagement s	ystem.		
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- Cr	eate, modify an	d update tab	les.			
Outcomes	- per	rform queries fo	for data retrieval				
(ILOs):	- ha	ndle databases					
Course	The practi	cal implementa	implementation is based on the theory components covered in the				
<b>Content:</b>	course CC	01223 Data Bas	ta Base Management Systems and the lab sessions will be				
	based on t	he contempora	ry computer platforms and tools.				
Teaching /	Demonstra	ation, Problem	sheets				
Learning							
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group /Ind	dividual Presen	tations, Quiz	zes, Practica	al assessment tests to solve		
<b>Methods:</b>	real world	problems					
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %				
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination	ion - 65 %				
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmer	t + End-Sen	nester Examination		
Recommended	1. Funda	mentals of Data	abase Systems by R.F. Elmasri and S.B.Navathe				
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. Databa	ase System Con	cepts by A.S	Silberschatz	McGraw-Hill		

Course Code	CO1224	Course Name	Multi Media & Hyper Media Development				
Year	I	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning				
Semester	II	Breakdown.	30 - 70				
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				

Aim(s) /	This course is designed to introduce fundamentals of Multimedia and
Objective(s):	Hypermedia techniques and the practical implementations.
Intended	At the end of the course, students will be able to:
Learning	- Outline the hardware and software requirements for multimedia &
Outcomes	<u> </u>
	hypermedia developments
(ILOs):	- recognize various file types and data compression techniques
	- describe multimedia applications in the Internet
	- discuss multimedia applications
	- identify social and legal issues in the multimedia applications
Course	Introduction to Multimedia & Hypermedia (02hrs): What is Multimedia and
Content:	Hypermedia?, Interactivity and Non-linearity, Origin of Hypermedia and
	HTML; Analog Vs Digital Systems (04hrs): Continuous and Discrete signals,
	Sampling techniques, Data Volume and resolution, Data Transferring
	Techniques (DMA Vs PIOO, RAID and Bus Mastering technology, Fire Wire);
	Hardware that Enables Multimedia (04 hrs): CRTs and LCD Panels, MID
	Protocol, Sound Cards, Speaker Formations and Microphones, Video Capture
	Cards, Video Cameras, and Frame Grabbers, Joysticks, Drawing Tables and
	HMDs, Digital Cameras and Scanners, CD-ROM and DVD-ROM Technology,
	Home Consoles; File Types, their Features and Usage (12hrs): Text Formats,
	Graphics File Types, Audio File Types and Audio Compression (MP3/
	ADPCM), Videos File Types (AVI, MOV, ASF) and Video Compression
	(MPEG, RLE, etc.); Authoring Multimedia (08hrs): Design Considerations
	(Human Computer Interaction Fundamentals, Foundations of Interactivity
	Design, Design rules for Graphic and Screen Design, Preventing and Handling
	Errors: System and Human), Audit Editing and MIDI Equipment, Video
	Editing, Hybrid CD, VCD, DVD Development, Object Oriented Development
	Environments, Multimedia Authoring Tools; Virtual Reality (02hrs):
	Hardware and Software Requirements, Levels of VVR, Applications if VR;
	Multimedia in the Internet (12hrs): Bandwidth and File Size Issues,
	Streaming Technology, SMIL and XHTML, Vector Animations, Java Scripts
	and Java Applets; <b>Emerging Trends and the Future (02hrs):</b> The digital
	Convergence, Interactive Television, Video-on-Demand Technology, Hybrids
	PDAs, Digital Paper, Home of the future; Social and Legal Issues (02hrs):
	Working Habits and their Social Significance (Tele working- Advantages and
	Implications), Social Interaction and Virtual Communities, Intellectual
	Property, Social Policies and Copyrights
Teaching /	Lectures, Tutorials, class discussions, take home exercises, Guided learning
Learning	
Methods:	
Assessment	MCQ, Structured Question, Presentation
<b>Methods:</b>	
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %

	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination							
Recommended	1. Tannenbaum Robert S., Theoretical Foundations of Multimedia,							
<b>Reading(s):</b>	W.H.Freeman and Company, 1998, ISBN 0-7167-8321-5x							
	2. Cawkell T., The Multimedia Book, Routledge, 1996, ISBN: 0-415-13666-0							
	3. R.S Tahnenbanm, Theoretical Foundation of Multimedia							
	I. A/W that enables Multimedia							
	II. Design considerations							
	4. John F. Hoegel Buford, Multimedia systems,							
	I. Video Technology							
	II. Digital Video and Image Compression							
	5. Garrand T, Writing for Multimedia, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1997, ISBN:							
	0-24080247-0							
	Keyes J. (Ed), The Ultimate Multimedia Handbook, McGraw-Hill, 1997,							
	ISBN:0-07-034530-9							
	7. Vaughan T. Multimedia Making IT Work, McGraw-Hill, 1997, ISBN: 0-							
	07-882225-4							
	8. Solari, Stephen J., Digital Video and Audio Compression, McGraw-Hill,							
	1997, ISBN 0-07-059538-0							
	9. Ralf Steinmetz and Klara Nahrstedt for Multimedia Computing,							
	Communications and Applications, Pearson Education Asia, 2001.							

		Course	5 1 1 1 60101				
Course Code	CO1214	Name	Practical work on CO1224			24	
Year	I	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent	t Learning	
Semester	II	Breakdown	- 30 20			20	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to teach the	students p	racticals on	Multimedia &	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	HyperMed	dia Developmer	nt tools.				
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will be able to:				
Learning		•	sing multimedia technologies				
Outcomes	- des	sign multimedia	a contents in a webpage				
(ILOs):							
Course	The practi	cal implementa	tation is based on the theory components covered in the				
<b>Content:</b>	course CC	01224 Multimed	edia & HyperMedia Development and the lab sessions				
	will be bas	sed on the conte	temporary computer platforms and tools.				
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentation	ons , Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,				
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	al discussion				
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group /Inc	dividual Presen	ntations, Small Projects, Quizzes, Practical assessment				
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to so	lve real world p	problems				

Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. Z.N. Li and M.S. Drew, "Fundamentals of Multimedia"					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. HTML and CSS: Design and Build Websites – by Jon Duckett					
	3. A Smarter Way to Learn JavaScript by Author: Mark Myers					

<b>Course Code</b>	CO1225	Course Name	Computer Architecture				
Year	I	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Lear		<b>Independent Learning</b>		
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	30 -			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed t	to introduce	fundamenta	l principles behind computer		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	architectu	re.					
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- co:	mpare and cont	rast fundame	ntal element	ts and operations of computer		
Outcomes	- dis	stinguish genera	al system arc	hitecture, in	struction set architecture and		
(ILOs):	pip	pelined CPU are	chitecture				
	- de	scribe memory	hierarchy an	d I/O techni	ques		
	- rel	ate instruction	parallelism a	nd processor	r level parallelism		
Course		-	es (7hrs): Radix number systems (Decimal, Binary, and				
Content:		•	stems, Binary arithmetic: addition, complements, and				
		•	es (BCD code, ASCII character code), Boolean algebra				
	_			_	tes: AND, OR, NOT, NOR,		
		-	ication of Boolean functions: (2,3, and 4 variable				
			mbinational logic (Adders, Multiplexors, Encoders),				
	_	=	es (Flip-Flops, Registers, Counters); General System				
			Flynn's classification (SISD, MISD, MIMD), Stored				
		-			ecture, Multilevel viewpoint:		
			level, Structural organization (an overview) (CPU,				
			•	•	Performance metrics (MIPS,		
	1	0 ,			ecture (5hrs.): Instruction set		
		,			SC comparison), Addressing		
	`		_		r x86) (Register, immediate,		
					truction set (Arithmetic and		
					(Loads and Stores), Control		
		-			urn, Traps)), Instruction set		
			•	_	ipelined CPU Architecture		
	(4hrs.):		<i>J</i> 1	`	mulator, register, stack, al register-based CPU, Fetch		
	1	•	-	• -	Microinstruction sequencing		
		•	• •		trol unit (microprogramming		
		_	-				
	and nard-	ard-wired control options), Calculation of CPI and MIPS parameters;					

	Memory Hierarchy & 1/0 Techniques (6hrs.): Memory hierarchy (Locality								
	of reference principle, Memory hierarchy in practice: Cache, Main memory and								
	Secondary, memory, Memory parameters: access/cycle time, cost per bit),								
	Main memory (Semiconductor RAM & ROM organisation, memory expansion,								
	Static & Dynamic memory), Cache memory (Associative & direct mapped								
	organisations), Secondary Memory (Magnetic Disks, SCSI Disks, CD-ROMS),								
	I/O methods (Programmed, Interrupt driven & direct memory access);								
	Introduction to Parallelism (4hrs.): Goals of parallelism (concurrency,								
	throughput), Amdahl's law, Instruction level parallelism (Pipelining, Super								
	scaling (basic features)), Processor level parallelism, Shared memory &								
	Distributed memory features								
Teaching /	Lectures, Tutorials, class discussions, take home exercises, Guided learning								
Learning									
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	MCQ, Structured Question, Presentation								
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %								
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination								
Recommende	1. Computer Architecture & Organization by Mano, Prentice-Hall								
d Reading(s):	2. Structured Computer Organization by A.S. Tenenbaum, Prentice Hall								
	3. Computer Organization & Architecture: Designing for performance by								
	W.Stallings, Prentice Hall								
	4. Computer Architecture & Organization by J.P.Hayes, McGraw-Hill								

Course Code	CO1226	Course Name	Social Harmony			
Year	I	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning			
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA	
Aim(s) /	Objective	of the course is	to help stud	ents underst	and peace and conflict in the	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	contempo	rary situation ar	nd the role of communication in conflict scenarios and			
	to help stu	dents analyse c	conflict situations from many different perspectives.			
Intended	At the end of the course, students should be able to:					
Learning	-	- Describe and apply the concepts of conflict and peace and the role				
Outcomes		of communica	ation in conflict situations.			
(ILOs):						
Course	Introduct	ion to Social	Harmony (	03 Hours):	What is Social Harmony?,	
<b>Content:</b>	Importance	e, Scope & N	Nature of Social Harmony, Theories of Harmony,			
	Approach	es to Social Har	armony; Element that creates Social Disharmony (05			
	Hours):	Violence, Sub	bstance Abuse, Gender Inequality, Discrimination,			
	Segregation	on, Ethnicity,	Culture and Society, Religious Conservatism &			
	Fanaticisn	n, Economic Inc	equality; Historical Factors Historical Background			

	to Social Disharmony (04 hours): Colonization /Neo-Colonization,							
	Exploitation, Expansion of Religions, Ethnic Cleansing; Historical							
	Background to Promotion of Social Harmony (05 hours): Institution Level							
	(United Nations NATO, SAARC, ASEAN, ICRC, WCC & Roman Catholic							
	Pontifical Councils, Amnesty International, Human Rights Watch, European							
	Union, Common Wealth of Nations), <b>Individual Level</b> (Vivekanandar, Gandi,							
	Vipulanandar, Martin Luther King, Pope john Paul II, Mother Theresa, Nelson							
	Mandela, Umar Rali- 2nd Kalif); Role of World Religions in the Promotion							
	of Social Harmony (04 Hours): Hinduism, Buddhism, Christianity, Islam,							
	Inter Religious Dialogue among World Religions, Education on Human							
	Values (04 Hours): Tolerance, Compassion, Sympathy, Honesty, Friendship,							
	Kindness, Helping Attitude, Gratitude, Acceptance of Pluralism, Trust,							
	Forgiveness, Empathy; Conflict Resolution & Peace Building (05 Hours):							
	Conflict Resolution (Origin & Nature of Conflict, Theories of Conflict, Prevent							
	of Conflict, Mediation in Resolving Conflict, Resolution of Conflict), Peace							
	<b>Building</b> (Concept of Peace, Approaches to Peace, Strategies on Establishing							
	Peace, Peace Making/ Peace Building, Peace Keeping, Ethics of Peace)							
Teaching /	Lectures, Tutorials, class discussions							
Learning								
Methods:								
Assessment	MCQ, Structured Question, Presentation							
Methods:								
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %							
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %							
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination							
Recommended	1. Apfel, L.J. (2011), The Advent of Pluralism: Diversity and Conflict in							
<b>Reading(s):</b>	the Age of Sophocles.							
	2. Kandiah, Thiru, ed. (2001), The media and the Ethnic Conflict",							
	Colombo:Marga Institute.							
	3. Fernando, L. (2010), Promoting Ethnic Cohesion in Universities:							
	Possible Activities.							

### Year II Semester I

**Course Code** 

Course

CO2121

Year	II	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning				
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	provide stu	dents with a	dvanced concepts that can be		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	converted	to algorithms.					
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- de	scribe matrices	and can writ	e algorithms	for various matrix operations		
Outcomes	- int	erpret the algor	ithms for the	e linear 2D a	nd 3D transformations		
(ILOs):	- de	fine vector oper	rations and c	onvert them	to suitable algorithms		
	- de	sign suitable alg	gorithms for	problems th	at can use differentiation and		
		egration technic	-				
	- im	plement algorit	hms for vari	ous numeric	al methods		
Course					matrices (vectors), Identity,		
Content:	Null, Dia	igonal, square	matrix, Ed	qual matrice	es, Matrix addition, scalar		
	_		n of a matrix, Multiplication of two matrices and properties,				
		•			leterminants, Properties of		
		,	`		es, Inversion of a matrix and		
		-	•		their properties, Symmetric,		
	_	_		•	of linear equations; Linear		
					tions (Definition and matrix		
	-				Image points and Invariant		
	*		e of a straight line under LT, Image of a polygon under				
	-	· ·	ic identities relative to geometric LTs, Rotation,				
		_			or Y-axis, Composite LT,		
					ation (Definition and matrix		
			ŕ		ny line through the origin,		
		• •	•	_	g about the origin); <b>Vectors:</b>		
					ors, Geometric representation		
					null vector, constant vector,		
	-		•		of vectors and subtraction,		
					s, Resolution of vector, Base		
		-	-		ir properties, Vector equation		
					behind them; <b>Differentiation</b>		
	and integ	grauon: Umifor	in rate of ci	iange, varia	ble rate of change (Average		

Advanced Mathematics for Computing

	rate, Instantaneous rate), Definition of differentiation, Properties and examples,								
	Higher order derivatives, Integration (Integration as the inverse of								
	differentiation, Integration of standard functions, Integration as area under a								
	curve), Numerical Methods and its algorithmic implementations								
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint								
Learning	slides								
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity								
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %								
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination								
Recommended	1. Business Mathematics by: Qazi Zameeruddin, V.K.Khanna and								
<b>Reading(s):</b>	S.K.Bhambri								
	2. Higher Algebra by H.S. Hall and Knight								
	3. An In- Depth Study of Mathematics by Dr. A.B. Mathur								

<b>Course Code</b>	CO2122	Course Name	Operating System				
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA		<u> </u>	GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to introduc	e various (	Operating systems and their		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	fundamen	tal issues to the	students.				
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- illı	ustrate various o	operating sys	stems			
Outcomes	- ana	alyse system str	ructures				
(ILOs):	- dis	tinguish proces	ess and threads				
	- de	sign CPU sched	U scheduling				
	- illı	istrate Concurre	Concurrency problems				
	- int	erpret deadlock	and starvati	on problems			
Course	Compute	r system overv	iew: Basic e	lements, Pro	ocessor Registers, Instruction		
Content:	execution,	ion, Interrupts, Memory hierarchy, Cache memory, I/O communication					
	techniques	s, Computer sy	system structures, network structures, LAN, WAN,				
	Wireless	LANs, Client-	t-server, Peer to Peer computing, web based and				
	embedded	computing, Mu	ulti processo	r & distribut	ed systems (cluster, handheld		
	systems);	Operating sy	system overview: What is operating system?, OS				
	objectives	and functions	ns, The evolution of OS (1, 2, 3, 4 generations),				
	Mainfram	e OS, Server O	OS, Multiprocessor OS. Desktop system, Real time OS,				
	Clustered	system, Hand	dheld system, Smart card system, Embedded OS,				
	Developm	ents leading to	o modem OS, MS window overview, Traditional Unix				
	system, I	Linux; Operat	ting system structures: System components, OS				
	Servers, S	ystem Calls, Sy	stem Progra	ms, System	Structure, Virtual Machines,		

System design & implementation, system generation, System boot; Process management: Process: (Process concept, process model, process creation, process termination, process hierarchies, process states, process scheduling, operations on processes, cooperating processes, inter process communication, communication in client server system, Unix process management), Threads: (Process & Threads, The thread model, thread usage, implementing threads in user space and kernel, hybrid implementation, scheduler activations, pop up threads, making single - threaded code multi threaded, Windows XP threads and SMP management, Linux threads management, Java threads), CPU scheduling: (Basic Concepts, Scheduling Criteria, scheduling algorithms, multiple processor scheduling, real time scheduling, threaded scheduling, O/S examples, java thread scheduling algorithm evaluation), Concurrency: Mutual exclusion and synchronization (Principles of concurrency, mutual exclusion: Hardware support, Race condition, critical regions, sleep & wake up, semaphores, Mutexes, monitors, message passing, The readers and writers problem, sleeping barber problem, The critical section problem, two - tasks solutions, synchronization H/W, java synchronization, synchronization examples), Concurrency: Dead lock and starvation (Pre-emptable and non pre-emptable resources, resources acquisition, Principles of dead lock, dinning philosophers problem, dead lock prevention, dead lock avoidance bankers, dead lock detection, recovery from dead lock, Linux kernel concurrency mechanism, Condition for dead locks, dead lock modeling, The ostrich algorithm, Dead lock avoidance and recovery (Resource trajectories, safe & unsafe states, Bankers algorithm for single resource, Bankers algorithm for multiple resource), (Dead lock detection with one resource of each type, Dead lock detection with multiple resources of each type, Recovery from dead lock), Dead lock avoidance (Resource trajectories, safe & unsafe states, Bankers algorithm for single resource, Bankers algorithm for multiple resource), Dead lock prevention (Attacking the mutual exclusion condition, Attacking the hold and wait condition, Attacking the no preemption condition, Attacking the circular wait condition), Other uses - two phase locking, non resource dead locks, starvation; Memory management: Background, memory partitioning, contiguous memory allocation, paging, segmentation, segmentation with paging, virtual memory (paging, demanding page, page tables, TLB, inverted page table, allocation of frames), Linux and Windows memory management, Page replacement algorithms (Optimal page replacement algorithm, Not recently used page replacement algorithm, First in first out, Second chance page replacement algorithm, the clock page replacement, algorithm, the least recently used and its simulation in software, The working page set page replacement algorithm, The work page set clock page replacement algorithm, Belady's anomaly, stack algorithm, the distance string predicting page, fault rates, Design issues for paging system), Implementation of issues (OS involvement in paging, Page Fault Handling, Instruction backup, Locking pages in memory,

backing store, Separation of policy and mechanism), Segmentation (Implementation of pure segmentation, Segmentation with paging: MULTICS, Segmentation with paging: The Intel Pentium); Scheduling: Uniprocessor scheduling (Types of processor scheduling, Scheduling algorithms, Unix scheduling), Multi processor and real time scheduling (Multiprocessor scheduling, Real time scheduling, Linux scheduling, Windows scheduling); Input/Output systems: Overview, I/O H/W, Application I/O interface, Kernal I/O subsystem, Transferring I/O to H/W, Principles of I/O H/W (I/O devices, device controllers, memory mapped I/O, Direct memory access, Interrupt Revisited), Principles of I/O software (Goals of I/O Software, Programmed I/O, Interrupt Driven I/O, I/O using DMA), Mass Storage Structure (Disk Structure, Scheduling, Management, Swap space management, RAID structure, Disk attachment, Stable Storage Implementation), Disks (Disk Hardware, Formatting. Disk Arm Scheduling Algorithm, Error Handling), Clock (Clock Hardware, Clock Software, Soft timers), Character oriented Terminals (RS-232, Terminal Hardware, Input Software, Output Software), Network Management, Power Management; File management: Overview, File Concept, Access Methods, File Organization and Access, File Directories, File Sharing, Record Blocking, Protection, Secondary Storage Management, Linux Virtual File System, Windows File System, File System Structure and implementation, Directory implementation, Allocation Method, Free Space Management, Log structured File System, NFS, CD-ROM, CP/M, MS-DOS, Windows 98 File System; Multimedia operating system: Multimedia Processors - Hardware, O/S types, Synchronization, Scheduling, Multi computers - Hardware, Low level communication software, User level communication software, Distributed shared memory, Multicomputer scheduling, Load Balancing, Distributed Systems (Netware Hardware, Network services and protocols, Document based middle ware, File system based middle ware, Coordination based middle ware); **Distributed system:** Distributed System structures (Background, Topology, Communication, Protocols, Robustness, Design issues, Example: Networking), Distributed File Systems (Background, Naming and Transparency, Remote File Access, State-full vs State-less services, File Replication, Example: AFS), Distributed Coordination (Event ordering, Mutual Exclusion, Atomicity, concurrency control, Deadlock Handling, Election Algorithm, Reaching Agreement); Security: The security environment - threats (Program and System), intruders, Accidental data loss, Basics of cryptography - Secrete key and Public key cryptography, One way functions, Digital Signatures, User Authentication - Using passwords, using a physical object, using Biometrics, Countermeasures, Attack from the inside of the system - Malicious Software: Trojan's Horses, Login Spoofing, Logic Bombs, Trap doors, Buffer Overflow, Generic Security Attacks, Famous Security Flaws, Design Principles for Security, Attacks from outside the system - Virus Damage Scenarios, How virus work and spread, Antivirus and Anti-Antivirus techniques, The Internet worm,

	Mobile code, Java Security, Protection Mechanisms - Goals of Protection,								
	Domain of Protection, Access matrix, Implementation of Access Matrix,								
	Revocation of Access Rights, Capably based systems, Language Based								
	Protection, Trusted Systems - Trusted Computing Base, Formal Models of								
	Secure Systems, Multilevel security, Orange Book Security								
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint								
Learning	slides								
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Group presentation, Multiple Choice								
<b>Methods:</b>	Questions, Open book exams								
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %								
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination								
Recommended	1. Modern Operating Systems - By Andrew S.Tanenbaum, Second Edition								
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles - By William Stallings,								
	Fifth Edition								
	3. Operating System Concepts with Java - By Silberschatz, Galvin, Gagne								
	Sixth Edition								

Course Code	CO2112	Course Name	Practical work on CO2122				
Year	II	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning				
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to teach th	e students	practical implementation of		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	operating	system theories					
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- do	Linux shell con	mmands				
Outcomes	- ap	ply Threads usi	hreads using Linux Library				
(ILOs):	- im	plement Sched	ent Scheduling algorithms and Deadlock Banker Algorithms				
	usi	ing C++.					
Course	The practi	cal implementa	rplementation is based on the theory components covered in the				
<b>Content:</b>	course CC	O2122 Operatin	ng System and the lab sessions will be based on the				
	contempo	rary computer p	platforms and tools.				
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentation	ons , Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,				
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	al discussion				
Methods:							
Assessment	Individual	coding assignr	gnment, Classroom and Laboratory assignments,				
<b>Methods:</b>	Individual	assignments, L	Laboratory practice				
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	s - 35 %				
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination	ion - 65 %				
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmen	t + End-Sen	nester Examination		

Recommended	1.	Modern Operating Systems - By Andrew S.Tanenbaum, Second Edition
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2.	Operating Systems Internals and Design Principles - By William Stallings,
		Fifth Edition

CO2123	Course Name	Software Engineering					
II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning			
I	Breakdown	30	-	70			
Core	GPA/NGPA		GPA				
This cours	se is designed to	introduce th	ne various de	velopment stages of software			
products a	and the issues in	volved until	the mainten	ance phase.			
At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:				
- dei	monstrate softw	are problem	ıs				
- illı	ustrate software	developmer	nt phases				
- illı	ustrate software	requiremen	ts and specif	ïcations			
- int	erpret software	design, codi	ing and testing	ng issues			
- apj	ply maintenance	e issues					
	•						
				<del>-</del>			
costly, and	d unreliable, P	roblem of cl	hange and n	naintenance, Scheduling and			
		re Products (System software, Application software, Software					
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	II  Core This cours products a At the end - der - illu - illu - int - app - and Introduct costly, and quality), S Product a engineerin (7hrs.): So Increment Prototypin (Phases of Requirem (Requirem (Requirem (Requirem modeling)) specificatin Requirem (Modulari maintainal Software design ted design, O interaction	II Hourly I Breakdown Core GPA/NGPA This course is designed to products and the issues in At the end of the course, - demonstrate software - illustrate software - illustrate software - interpret software - apply maintenanc - analyse CASE too Introduction (6hrs.): Toostly, and unreliable, Populity), Software Product attributes), Software Product attributes), Software development Prototyping, Evolutionary (Phases of management Requirement Analysis (Requirement analysis (Requirement analysis modeling), Requirement specification (SRS), Consequirement validation (measures, Quality measures), Quality measure (Modularity, Abstract maintainability), Modula Software design techniques, Jacks design, Object oriented interaction, Information	II Hourly Theory I Breakdown 30 Core GPA/NGPA  This course is designed to introduce the products and the issues involved untile At the end of the course, students will a demonstrate software problem illustrate software development illustrate software design, codicion apply maintenance issues analyse CASE tools and software costly, and unreliable, Problem of could attributes), Software Engineering approach, Phased dev (7hrs.): Software development process Incremental development), Prototyping Prototyping, Evolutionary Prototyping (Phases of management Process, Requirement Analysis and Specific (Requirement analysis techniques, modeling), Requirement specification (SRS), Components Requirement validation (Requirement measures, Quality measures); Software (Modularity, Abstraction, Engineering, Object oriented design), Use interaction, Information Presentation	II Hourly Theory Practical  I Breakdown 30 -  Core GPA/NGPA  This course is designed to introduce the various de products and the issues involved until the maintent At the end of the course, students will be able to:  - demonstrate software problems  - illustrate software development phases  - illustrate software design, coding and testing apply maintenance issues  - analyse CASE tools and software qualities  Introduction (6hrs.): The Software Problem (Structure) and unreliable, Problem of change and maintenance issues  - product attributes), Software Engineering Apply approach, Phased development Process models (W. Incremental development), Prototyping (Prototypental Prototyping, Evolutionary Prototyping), Software (Phases of management Process, Project management Analysis and Specification (11th (Requirement Analysis and Specification (Characteris specification (SRS), Components of a SRS Requirement validation (Requirement reviews, Omeasures, Quality measures); Software Design (1			

	diagrams); Coding (6hrs.): Programming practice (3hrs.) (Structured								
	programming, Programming style, Internal documentation), Verification (3hrs.)								
	(Code Inspections, Code reviews, Proving correctness, Symbolic executions);								
	<b>Testing (7hrs.):</b> Testing process (2hrs.) (Test plans, Test cases and test criteria,								
	Test case execution and analysis, Test results specification), Testing strategies								
	(2hrs.) (Top-down integration, Bottom-up integration), Testing techniques								
	(3hrs.) (Black-box testing, White-box testing, Alpha testing, Beta testing);								
	Software Maintenance (4hrs.): Maintenance types (2hrs.) (Corrective								
	maintenance, Perfective maintenance, Adaptive maintenance), Maintenance								
	process (2hrs.) (Change requests, Impact analysis, System release planning,								
	Change implementation, System release); Computer Aided Software								
	Engineering (CASE) (2hrs.): CASE tools (Advantages of using CASE tools,								
	Components of a CASE tool, Function oriented CASE tools - (eg.								
	ORACLE2000), Object oriented CASE tools - (eg. Rational Rose)); Software								
	Quality (3hrs.): Software quality processes (Quality reviews, Software								
	standards, Documentation standards, Product quality metrics, Software metrics)								
	ANALY TO COMPANY TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER								
	** A Mini Project is to be implemented in developing a software for an office								
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint								
Learning	slides								
Methods:									
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Multiple Choice Questions								
Methods:	Continuous Assessments 25.0/								
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 % End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
Strategy:									
Decemberded	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination								
Recommended	1. Software Engineering by Ian Sommerville, 5th edition, Addison-Wesley, 2000.								
Reading(s):	2000. 2. Software Engineering: A practitioner's approach by Roger S. Pressman, 4th								
	edition, McGraw-Hill International edition, 1997.								
	edition, MeOraw-Tim international edition, 1777.								

Course Code	CO2124	Course	Internet & Web Design				
		Name					
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	I	Breakdown.	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	e is designed to introduce Internet Web Pages and the Server handling				
<b>Objective(s):</b>	of those p	ages					
Intended	At the end	end of the course, students will be able to:					
Learning	- int	erpret 4 layer I	et 4 layer Internet model				
Outcomes	- illı	ustrate browser	wser concepts and standards				
(ILOs):	- de	sign HTML pa	age design considerations				
	- dis	stinguish client	ish client side and server side programming				

- debate dynamic content techniques and issues in Web Development

## Course Content:

**Introduction to the Internet:** Background and history, The architecture of the Internet, Addressing and naming on the Internet, The basic client-server model of Internet applications, The 4 layered Internet model (The 7 layer OSI model and its 4 layer Internet counterpart, Physical (link), Internet, transport and application layers, Ports, sockets and well-known services); The World Wide Web: The idea of hypertext and hypermedia, How the web works - HTTP, HTML and URLs, How the browser works - MIME types, plug-ins and helper applications, The standards - HTML, XML, XHTML and the W3C; Hypertext Mark - up Language: The anatomy of an HTML document, Marking up for structure and style (Basic page mark-up, Absolute and relative links, Ordered and unordered lists, Embedding images and controlling appearance (Graphic formats, layouts, borders, effects, Image sizing, thumbnails, colour depth and compression, Image maps), Table creation and use (Call, table and page formatting, As navigation aid, Frames, nesting and targeting)), Descriptive mark-up (Meta tags for common tasks (page refresh & expiration), Semantic tags for aiding search, The Dublin core and RDF), Separating style from structure with style sheets (Internet style specification within HTML, External (linked) style specification using CSS (The object model for cascading sheets, Controlling font size and colour, text and link colours, Background colours, textures and images, Page borders, margins, indents, paragraph and line spacing)), Designing HTML forms (Why forms are needed, Types of information-text areas, buttons, check boxes, radio buttons, Clint side and server side processing of form data), Page and site design considerations (Reducing page weight for enhancing download speed, Optimizing site design for ease of navigation and maintenance); Client-side Programming: Introduction (Including scripts in documents: Placing code in an external file, between script tags and in an event handler, Objects, properties, events and methods: Navigation object, Browser object, Document object, Parameters, Methods & functions and Events & Properties), The Java Script syntax (Basic data types, Operators, Control structures, Global functions, Statements), The Java Script object model (Java Script object (Static objects, Core objects: String and Math objects, Data object, Forms object (Submit() and Reset() methods))), Event handling (Events and event handlers, Standard event handler attributes (Mouse related events, Keyboard events, Document events: OnLoading, OnUnloading, OnBlur, OnFocus)), Output in JavaScript (Windows: Window. Alert, Window. Confirm, Document. Write, Window. Prompt, Frames: OnLoad, OnUnload, OnFocus, OnBlur, <Frameset> attribute), Forms handling: Submit(). Reset() Methods, Miscellaneous topics (Cookies, Hidden fields, Images), Applications (Forms handling, Mouse sensitive responses); Server-side Programming: Introduction (The need for CGI: Creating dynamic and interactive Web pages, What do we need to run CGI? (The HTTP server, Programming languages for CGI, Configuring the server to support CGI), Some examples: Animations,

	Client Pull, Push, Access counters, Automatic redirection, Authentication,								
	Executing external programs, Handling forms and other user inputs, Integrating								
	other systems to Web), Input/output operations on the WWW (Passing								
	parameters in and out, Environment variables: Server information and Client								
	information, GET and POST methods, Data encoding and decoding, Response								
	headers, Accept types and Content types, Server redirection), Forms processing								
	(Relevant HTML tags (e.g.FORM), Text and Password fields, Submit and Rese								
	buttons, Radio buttons and Checkboxes, Multi-line text fields, Sending data to								
	the server, Designing applications using forms (Some case								
	studies/Assignments)), Server-side includes (SSI directives, Configuring the								
	server to support SSI, Formatting SSI output), Gateway applications (Sockets,								
	Checking URLS, Databases with flat files, Integrating relational databases								
	using SQL, UNIX manual pages, Email gateway, Search/Index gateway, Image								
	maps), Testing/Debugging CGI applications (Common errors: Directory								
	undefined, Undefined interpret, File permission problems, Malformed header								
	from script, Programming/ system errors, Opening, Closing, Writing files,								
	Problems with environment variables, CGI debugging tools); Other Dynamic								
	Content Technologies: Introductions to ASP and JSP, Delivering Multimedia								
	over web pages, The VRML idea, The Java phenomenon - applets and servlets;								
	<b>Issues in Web Development:</b> Legal aspects - copyright, Social issues - privacy,								
	PICS, Security concerns - encryption and certification								
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint								
Learning	slides								
Methods:									
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Group presentation, Multiple Choice								
Methods:	Questions, Open book exams								
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %								
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination								
Recommended	1. Beginning XHTML by Frank Boumpery, Cassandra Greer, Dave Raggettt,								
Reading(s):	Janny Raggett, Sebastian Schnitzenbaumer & Ted Wugofski, WROX press								
	(Indian Shroff Publishes SPD) 1 st edition, ISBN: 81-7366-164-2, 2000								
	2. HTML & XHTML: The Definitive Guide by Chuck Musciano, Bill								
	kennedy: 4 th edition, 2000								
	3. XHTML Black Book by Steven Holzner, 2000								
	4. Beginning PHP 5 Apache, MySQL, Web Development, 2005, Edition, by								
	Elizabeth								

Course Code	CO2114	Course Name	Practical work on CO2124					
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed t	o teach the s	students prac	ctical implementation of web			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	design the	ories.						
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:				
Learning	- des	sign HTML we	ebpage					
Outcomes	- ap	ply dynamic co	ntents in We	b Developm	ent			
(ILOs):								
Course	The practi	cal implementa	tion is based	on the theor	ry components covered in the			
Content:	course CC	02124 Internet	& Web Desi	gn and the l	ab sessions will be based on			
	the conten	nporary comput	ter platforms	and tools.				
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentation	ons ,Labora	tory exper	iments, activities, exercises,			
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	l discussion					
Methods:								
Assessment	Group /Ind	dividual Presen	ntations, Small Projects, Quizzes, Practical assessment					
Methods:	tests to so	lve real world p	roblems					
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination	on - 65 %					
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	as Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. HTMI	& XHTML:	: The Definitive Guide by Chuck Musciano, Bill					
Reading(s):	kenned	dy: 4 th edition,	n, 2000					
	2. XHTM	IL Black Book	by Steven H	folzner, 2000	)			
	3. Beginning PHP 5 Apache, MySQL, Web Development, 2005, Edition, by							
	Elizab	eth						

Course Code	CO2125	Course Name	Object Oriented Programming					
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed t	to introduce	object orien	ted programming using Java			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	Programm	ing Language						
Intended	At the end	of the course,	e, students will be able to:					
Learning	- ap	ply Object Orie	ented Language and its merits					
Outcomes	- tes	t Java based Ol	bject Oriented Programs					
(ILOs):	- use	e Java applets a	and Java Error Handling					
	- so	ve Threads						
	- use	e Input Output	Streams and	Java Prograi	mming Tools			

## Course Content:

Introduction to **programming language:** Programming languages: Generation of languages, Translators, Program style and documentation, Basics of Object Oriented Programming and its terminology Evolution, Introduction to Java Programming Language (Java's past, present and future, Java and the Internet), Running Java Programs (Introduction to Java Development Kit (JDK), Creating a source file, Compiling and running the source file, Java byte code file, Java byte code interpreter); Statements Expressions, Variable and Data types: Statements and Expressions, Comments in Java (Standard Comments, Document Comments), Literals, Variables (What is variable?, Declaring variables, Notes on variable names), Data types (Primitive Data Types, Reference Data Types); **Operators:** Arithmetic Operators: (+, -, \*, /, %, ++, --), Logical Operators: (&&, ||, !), Bitwise Operators: (&, |, ^, <<, >>, >>>, ~), Relational Operators: (==, !=, <, >, <=, >=), Operator Precedence; Arrays and Control Statements: One Dimensional and Multidimensional Arrays (Declaring array variables, Creating array objects, Accessing array elements, Changing array elements, Multidimensional arrays), Selective Statements (Selection Statements(if then, if...then...else, Switch, Conditional Operator)), Iterative Statements (For loop, While loop, Do-While, Nested loops), Jump Statements(Break, Continue, Return, Labeled loops); Objects and Classes: Definition of a class, Creating and destroying Objects, Defining methods, Parameter Passing: Passing arguments to methods, Constructor Methods: Overloading Constructors, This and super keywords, Recursion: Methods that invoke themselves, Using command line arguments (Passing Arguments to Java Programs Handling Arguments in your Java Program); Object Oriented **Concepts:** Encapsulation (Information Hiding) (Access Modifiers: Controlling access to a class, method, or variable (public, protected, private, package), Other Modifiers: static modifier, abstract modifier, final modifier, synchronized modifier, volatile modifier, native modifier), Polymorphism: (Overloading, Overriding), Inheritance (Inheritance Basis, Overriding Methods, Abstract Classes, Reusability); Applets: Applications vs. applets, Creating Applets: Major Applet Activities, Initialization, Starting, Stopping, Destroying, Painting, Passing parameters to Applets, Applet Security; Error Handling: Exception Objects, Handling Exceptions: Protecting code and Catching Exceptions try catch clause, finally clause, Throwing Exceptions: throws clause, Defining and generating exception; Multithreading: Creating and using threads, Thread Synchronization, Thread Scheduling; Input and Output: Streams: Input Stream, Output Stream, Byte Stream and Data Stream, Random Access File Stream, Other Major streams; **Programming Tools:** Overview of JDK tools: The runtime interpreter, The compiler, The applet viewer, The debugger, The class file disassemble, The header and stub file generator, the document generator, Visual Development Tools

Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Powerpoint slides,							
Learning	Supervised study, Tutorial discussions							
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Multiple Choice Questions							
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %							
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %							
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination							
Recommended	1. Teach Yourself Java in 21 Days: By Laura Lemay							
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. The Java Handbook: By Scott Mervealy							
	3. The Complete Reference JAVA: By Patrick Naughton and Herbert Schildt							
	4. Java 2 from Scratch: By Steven Hains, Prentice-Hall							
	5. Java Unleashed: By Sams Net Publishing							

<b>Course Code</b>	CO2115	Course Name	Practical work on CO2125					
Year	II	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learnin					
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	e is designed to	teach the st	udents pract	ical implementation of object			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	oriented p	rogramming.						
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:				
Learning	- Bu	ild and manipu	late with cla	sses using ol	ojects.			
Outcomes	- im	plement the inh	eritance and	polymorphi	sm concepts			
(ILOs):	- em	phasise the imp	portance of a	bstraction ar	nd the reuse of java programs			
	- ap	oly object-orie	ented concepts and software development tools					
Course	The practi	cal implementa	tion is based	on the theor	ry components covered in the			
<b>Content:</b>	course CC	2125 Object O	Oriented Programming (Java) and the lab sessions will					
	be based of	n the contempo	orary computer platforms and tools.					
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentatio	ns , Labor	atory expe	riments, activities, exercises,			
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	l discussion					
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	Individual	coding assig	gnment, Cla	assroom an	d Laboratory assignments,			
<b>Methods:</b>	Individual	assignments.,	Laboratory p	ractice				
Assessment	Continuou	s Assessments	- 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Seme	ster Examination	on - 65 %					
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	us Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. Teach	Yourself Java i	in 21 Days: By Laura Lemay					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. The Ja	va Handbook:	By Scott Me	rvealy				
	3. The C	omplete Refere	nce JAVA: I	By Patrick N	aughton and Herbert Schildt			
	4. Java 2	from Scratch:	By Steven H	ains, Prentic	e-Hall			
	5. Java U	Inleashed: By S	ams Net Pul	olishing				

Course Code	CO2126	Course		Sri La	Sri Lankan Studies				
Year	II	Name Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning						
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70				
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA							
Aim(s) /			to provide st	udents with	knowledge of aspects of Sri				
Objective(s):		•	•		It will look in a very general				
					nner that crosses disciplines.				
Intended					epts, key terms and areas of				
Learning					ology of Sri Lanka.				
Outcomes		<b>,</b>	,	•					
(ILOs):									
Course	Constitut	ional Develop	ment in S	ri Lanka:	Students will examine the				
<b>Content:</b>	developm	ent of represent	tative institu	tions from E	British times until the present				
	day. They	will also be in	ntroduced to	the concep	ts of rights and the different				
	types of ri	ights and the m	anner in wh	ich they can	be enforced; Sri Lanka and				
	its neighl	oours: Student	s will learn	about the g	geographical positions of Sri				
					bhy and landscape. They will				
			•		Countries since independence,				
	_				ountries; Economic Change:				
				•	ook place in the Sri Lankan				
	economy during the colonial period, with particular reference to the								
	development of a plantation economy. They will also look at present day								
	changes in the context of the global economy, and the shift from a state centred								
	outlook to private sector expansion. Particular topics to be covered will include (Small farmer subsistence & plantation crop section of Sri Lanka (Small farmer								
	in the plantation sector, Paddy sector and the small farmers Economic								
	development & plantation sector), Privatisation in Sri Lanka (Historical								
	Background, Stages of privatisation, Major problems & issues of privatisation), Global Economy (Globalization & Market Economy, Major issues of								
		· ·			Students will learn about				
			_		a. In addition to the United				
		· ·			ank, the Asian Development				
	· ·	•			Social change in Sri Lanka:				
					opments in Sri Lanka with				
					class, Gender, Education and				
	-	ent, Aging of th	_						
Teaching /				<u> </u>	, Powerpoint slides				
Learning									
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Structured	l Questions, Gro	oup activity,	Multiple C	hoice Questions				
Methods:									

Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %							
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %							
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination							
Recommended	1. Anderson, Taylor, <b>Understanding Sociology</b> , Wadsworth Cengage							
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Publishers, 2007							
	2. Anderton.A, <b>Economics</b> , 5 <sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Longman Publications.							
	Dept. of Surveys, National Atlas, 1991							
	3. Political Theory in Transition, Edited by, Noel O Sullivan, Rout ledge							
	publications, 2000							

<b>Course Code</b>	GEP - III	Course Name		General English Proficiency - III			
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Theory   Practical   Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			NGPA		
Aim(s) /	To make the	e students acqui	re listening	g and speakii	ng skills for the technological		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	environmen						
Intended	At the end of	of this course, st	udents wil	l be able to			
Learning	- kno	w oral English i	n formal a	nd informal	situations		
Outcomes	- invo	lve in effective	conversati	on			
(ILOs):	- read	different types	of reading	materials			
	- writ	e without errors					
Course	UNIT I: L	istening: Liste	ning to ir	nformal con	versations and participating;		
<b>Content:</b>		_	-		, comments on something,		
	weather) - T	Turn taking - Clo	osing a con	versation (ex	xcuses, general wish, positive		
	comment, t	hanks); <b>Readi</b> ı	ng - Deve	eloping anal	ytical skills, Deductive and		
	inductive re	easoning - Exte	nsive read	ing; Writin	<b>g:</b> Effective use of SMS for		
	sending sho	ort notes and n	nessages -	Using 'emo	oticons as symbols in email		
		_	•	~	- Active and passive voice;		
	_			•	ones (e.g. 'some', sum'); E-		
					and vocabulary - blogging:		
	0 0			• •	conversation and answering		
	_			_	situation based dialogues;		
		-			nations, asking for directions		
	· •	<u>.</u>		,	ising imperative sentences),		
	_	•	-	_	s aspects of a film (they have		
	_		•		); <b>Reading:</b> Reading a short		
	•				ding, Comprehension skills;		
	_	•		•	ory / article, Personal letter		
				_	ng someone for his success,		
	_				ar: modal verbs, Purpose		
	_	•			eir meanings, Using phrasal		
					exercise on Grammar and		
	vocabulary,	Extensive read	ımg acuvi	ty (reading	stories / novels from links),		

	Posting reviews in blogs; Language Lab: Dialogues (Fill up exercises),									
	Recording students' dialogues.									
Teaching /	Direct Interaction, OnLine Resources, Self Study									
Learning										
<b>Methods:</b>										
Assessment	Group activity, Written Test									
<b>Methods:</b>										
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %									
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %									
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination									
Recommended	1. Rutheford, Andrea J. Basic Communication Skills for Technology, New									
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Delhi, Pearson Education, 2001									
	2. Savarimuttu, J. S. Rohan and G. Petricia Alphine Nirmala. English									
	Grammar and Usage: An Ideal Companion for Advanced Learners.									
	Chennai: New Century Book House (NCBH), June 2016. (ISBN 978-81-									
	2343-204-5) (Code No. A3506)									

## Year II Semester II

Course Code	CO2221	Course Name	Data Communication Systems					
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	<b>Independent Learning</b>			
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to provide t	he fundame	ntals of data communication			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	systems.							
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:				
Learning	- de	monstrate chan	nel effects or	n data transn	nission			
Outcomes	- ap	praise the funda	amentals of c	ligital comm	unication			
(ILOs):	- Illi	ıstrate physical	layer charac	terization ar	nd data transmission			
	me	echanism						
	- de	monstrate data	coding for th	e error reco	very and compression			
Course	Fundame	ntals of dig	gital comn	nunications	Introduction to digital			
<b>Content:</b>	communic	cations (Definit	ions of terms	s, Signal proj	pagation, Sine waves, Square			
	waves, A	mplitude, Free	quency, Pha	ise), Chann	el Effects on transmission			
	(Frequenc	y spectra and	Fourier ana	lysis, Atten	uation, Limited Bandwidth,			
	Delay Dis	tortion, Noise,	Data rate in Channels (Nyquist's Theorem, Shannon's					
	Theorem)	); Physical laye	layer characterization: Modulation (Analog Modulation					
	(Amplitud	le, Frequency, F	Phase), Digita	al Modulatio	n (PSK, QPSK, QAM)), Data			
	Encoding	(Binary Encod	ing (RTZ, N	IRZ), Mancl	nester Encoding, Differential			
	Mancheste	er Encoding),	Transmission	n Media (Tv	wisted Pair Cables, Co-axial			

	Cables, Fiber Optic Cables, Wireless Media), Physical Layer Interfaces (RS 232									
	/ EIA 232), Last Mile Access Technologies, (Wired: xDSL, FTTH, Wireless:									
	GPRS, EDGE, HSPDA); Data transmission mechanisms: Communication									
	Modes (Simplex, Half-duplex, Full-duplex), Transmission Modes (Serial									
	Transmission, Parallel Transmission), Synchronization (Asynchronous									
	transmission, Synchronous Transmission), Switched Communications (Delay									
	and error sensitivities of data and real time traffic, Circuit switching (PSTN),									
	Packet Switching (Datagram mode, Virtual Circuit mode, Integrated switching									
	(ISDN))), Type of Services [Ref 1: pg.32-33] / [Ref 2: pg.503] (Connection									
	Oriented Services, Connectionless Services), Flow Control (Stop-and-Wait									
	Protocol, Sliding Window Protocol), Multiplexing [Ref 1: pg.137-143]									
	(Frequency Division Multiplexing, Synchronous Time Division Multiplexing,									
	Statistical Time Division Multiplexing); Data coding for error recovery and									
	compression: Transmission Errors, Error Control (Feedback Error Recovery:									
	ARQ, Forward Error Correction), Error Detection and Correction (Simple									
	Parity Check, Block Sum Check, Hamming Codes, Cyclic Redundancy Check),									
	Lossless Data Compression (LZW, Huffman Encoding)									
Teaching /	Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-class									
Learning	activities									
<b>Methods:</b>										
Assessment	Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions, Oral									
<b>Methods:</b>	questions, Quizzes									
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %									
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %									
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination									
Recommended	1. Tanenbaum Andrew S., Computer Networks, 4th edition									
<b>Reading(s):</b>	2. Halsall Fred, Data Communications, Computer Networks and OSI, 4 <sup>th</sup>									
	edition (10 <sup>th</sup> Indian reprinting 2005)									
	3. William Stallings, Data and Computer Communications, 7th Edition (3rd									
	Impression 2007)									

Course Code	CO2222	Course Name	Visual Systems Development Tools		Development Tools		
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	<b>Independent Learning</b>		
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed in	ntroduce the Visual Systems Development Tools				
<b>Objective(s):</b>							
<b>Intended Learning</b>	At the end of the course, students will be able to:						
<b>Outcomes (ILOs):</b>	- dist	inguish object o	oriented Methodologies over Traditional				
	Me	thodologies					
	- den	nonstrate the im	nportance of UML and Rational Rose CASE Tool				
	- illu	strate use case o	liagrams and	d class diagr	ams		

- illustrate various relationships and create relationships in Rational Rose
- test object interactions and object behaviours
- illustrate system architecture and build the iterations

#### **Course Content:**

Review of the Traditional Methodologies (2hrs): Review of the Traditional Methodologies (Traditional Methodologies, Advantages of Object Oriented Methodologies over Traditional Methodologies), Classes, Encapsulation, Objects, Association, Aggregation, Inheritance, Polymorphism, States and Transitions; Visual Modeling using Unified **Modeling Language (UML) (3hrs):** What is Visual Modelling? (What is a Model?, Importance of Modeling, Object Oriented Modeling), Introduction to Unified Modeling Language (UML) (History of UML, Overview of UML-Capabilities, Usage of UML), Introduction to Rational Rose CASE tool (Introduction - Importance of Rational Rose, Capabilities of Rational Rose Case Tool); Introduction to Object or Software **Development Process (3hrs):** Introduction, Benefits, Phases and Iterations (Inception Stage: Purpose, Outcome, Evaluation Criteria, Elaboration Stage: Purpose, Outcome, Evaluation Criteria, Construction Stage: Purpose, Outcome, Evaluation Criteria, Transition Stage: Purpose, Outcome, Evaluation Criteria); Creating Use Case Diagrams (4hrs): Actors and Use Cases (Actors, Use Cases), Use Case Relationships (Types of Relationships, Stereotypes), Use Case Diagrams in Rational Rose (Creating Main Use Case Diagram in Rational Rose, Creating Relationships in Rational Rose, Creating Additional Use Case Diagrams in Rational Rose), Activity Diagrams (Activities, Transitions, Decision Points, Swim lanes); Identifying Classes Packages and drawing a Class Diagram (4hrs): State, Behavior and Identity of Objects, Stereotypes and Classes (Classes (Introduction, Identifying Classes, Stereotypes and Classes)), Creating and Documenting Classes in rational Rose, Packages, Drawing a Class Diagram; **Specifying Relationships (3hrs):** The Need of Defining Relationships, Association and Aggregation Relationships (Association Relationships, Aggregation Relationships), Naming Relationships, Role Names, Multiplicity Indicators, Reflexive Relationships, Package Relationships, Inheritance (Introduction, Single Inheritance versus Multiple inheritances) Finding Relationships, Creating Relationships in Rational Rose; **Discovering Object Interactions (4hrs):** Documenting Scenarios using Interaction Diagrams, Types of Interaction Diagrams (Sequence Diagrams, Collaboration Diagrams); Adding Behavior and Structure (3hrs): Representing Behavior and Structure, Creating Attributes and documenting them (Style Guides for defining attributes, Documenting Attributes), Creating Operations Documenting them, Displaying attributes and operations, Association Classes; Analysing Object Behavior (3hrs): Modelling Dynamic

	Behavior, States, State Transitions, Special States (Start and Stop), State
	Transition Details, State Details; Checking the Model (3hrs): Making the
	Model Homogeneous, Combining Classes, Splitting Classes, Eliminating
	Classes, Consistency Checking, Scenario Walk-Through, Event Tracing,
	Documentation Review; <b>Designing the system architecture (3hrs):</b> The
	need for architecture, The "4+1" view of architecture, The logical view,
	The component view, The process view, The deployment view, The use
	case view; <b>Building the iterations (3hrs):</b> The Iteration Planning Process
	(Benefits, Goals), Design the User Interface, Adding Design Classes, The
	Emergence of Patterns, Designing Relationships, Designing Attributes and
	Operations, Designing for Inheritance, Coding, Testing, and Documenting
	the Iteration; Object Oriented Programming (10hrs): Introduction to
	C++, Input/output, Variables, Constants, Data types, operators, Identifiers,
	Declarations and functions, Control structures 13.5. Arrays and structures,
	Pointers, Implementing object oriented programming concepts using C++
	(Classes, Constructors, Destructors, Copy Constructors 13.7.3. New and
	delete operators), Inheritance, Multiple Inheritance using C++,
	Polymorphism using C++, Aggregation using C++; A Case Study Using
	an object Oriented CASE Tool (12hrs)
Teaching /	Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-
Learning	class activities
Methods:	
Assessment	Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions,
Methods:	Oral questions, Quizzes
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination
Recommended	1. "UML User Guide", Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson,
Reading(s):	Addison Wesley, 2000.
	2. Visual Modelling With Rational Rose 2000 and UML By Terry
	Quatrani Foreword by Grady Booch, 2000.
	3. "UML Reference Guide", James Rumbaugh, Iver Jacobson, Grady
	Booch, Wesle, 2000.
	4. The objector software development process", Ivar Jacobson, grady
	booch james Rumbaugh Addison Wesley, 1999.
	5. The C++programming language, third edition by Bjarne Stroustrup,
	2000.
	6. UML Distilled by Maxtin Fowler With Kendall Scot, 2000, Second
	Edition.
	7. Sams Teach Yourself "UML" In 24 Hours By Joseph Schmuuller, 2000.
Platform/Tutorials	Hardware and Software Requirements: Hardware (Any standard PC
1	
	(Pentium)); Software (Windows 95/98/200/NT, Rational Rose 2000, C++

Course Code	CO2212	Course Name		Practical work on CO2222			
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	II	Breakdown	-	30	20		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to teach th	e students	practical implementation of		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	statistical	theories.					
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- de	sign and draw U	JML diagran	ns			
Outcomes	- spe	ecify various re	lationships a	nd create rel	ationships in Rational		
(ILOs):							
Course	The practi	cal implementa	tion is based	on the theor	ry components covered in the		
Content:	course CO	2222 Visual Sy	stems Devel	opment Too	ls and the lab sessions will be		
	based on t	he contempora	emporary computer platforms and tools.				
Teaching /	Handouts / Presentations , Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,						
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	l discussion				
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group /Ind	dividual Presen	tations, Sma	ll Projects, (	Quizzes, Practical assessment		
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to so	lve real world p	roblems				
Assessment	Continuou	s Assessments	- 35 %				
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmen	t + End-Sen	nester Examination		
Recommended	1. "UML	User Guide".	, Grady Bo	och, James	Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson,		
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Addiso	on Wesley, 200	0.				
	2. Visual	Modelling Wi	th Rational	Rose 2000 a	and UML By Terry Quatrani		
	Forew	ord by Grady B	sooch, 2000.				
	3. "UML	Reference Gui	ide", James l	Rumbaugh, 1	Iver Jacobson, Grady Booch,		
	Wesle	, 2000.					
		=	_	=	, Ivar Jacobson,grady booch		
		Rumbaugh Add	-				
					by Bjarne Stroustrup, 2000.		
					1 Scot, 2000, Second Edition.		
	7. Sams	Teach Yourself	"UML" In 2	4 Hours By	Joseph Schmuuller, 2000.		

Course Code	CO2223	Course Name	Computer Graphics		
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA		
Aim(s) /	This course is designed to introduce fundamental Computer Graphics				
<b>Objective(s):</b>					

# **Intended Learning Outcomes (ILOs):**

At the end of the course, students will be able to:

- analyse the background of Computer Graphics
- illustrate 2D graphics primitives and the 2D transformations
- illustrate 3D graphics concepts and 3D transformations
- analyse visible surface detection methods
- appraise illumination Models and Surface Rendering Methods and color models

### **Course Content:**

**Introduction to Computer Graphics & Graphics Systems:** Computer Graphics, Computer Graphics Application, Colour Representation, Gray scale representation, Colour models and representation, Computer Graphics Hardware, Cathode Ray Tubes (CRTs), Raster Graphics Devices, Vector Graphics Devices, Computer Graphics Software; Two Dimensional Graphics Primitives: Points and Lines, Line Drawing Algorithms, DDA Algorithm, Bresenham's Algorithm, Parallel Line Algorithm, Frame Buffer, Circle Drawing Algorithms, Using Polar Coordinates: Bresenham's Algorithm, Mid Point Circle Algorithm, Filled Areas Drawing Algorithms, Scan Line Algorithm, Boundary Fill Algorithm; Two Dimensional Geometric Transformations & Viewing: Transformations: Translation, Rotation, Scaling, Representations and Homogeneous Coordinates, Other Transformations: Shear, Reflection, Composite Transformations: Translations, Scaling's and Rotations: Rotation around an arbitrary point, Scaling around a fixed point, The 2D Viewing Pipeline, Window to Viewport Mapping, Clipping Operations: Point Clipping, Line Clipping - Cohen Sutherland Algorithm, Polygon Clipping - Sutherland Hodgeman Algorithm; Three Dimensional Graphics Concepts & Object Representation: Three Dimensional Coordinate System, Three Dimensional Display Methods: Parallel Projection, Perspective Projection, Hidden Lines and surface removal: Zbuffer algorithm, Polygon Surfaces, meshes and tables, Spline Representations: Interpolation and Approximation Splines, Parametric Continuity conditions, Geometric continuity conditions, Cubic Spline Interpolation methods, Natural cubic splines and Hermite Interpolation, Bezier curves and Surfaces: Bezier curves and their properties, Cubic Bezier curves, Bezier Surfaces, B-spline curves an surfaces: B-spline curves, Uniform, periodic B-splines, Cubic, periodic B-splines, Nonuniform B-splines, spline surfaces, NURB curves and surfaces; Three **Dimensional Geometric Transformations & Viewing:** Translation, Scaling, Rotation, Reflections, Composite Transformations, Viewing pipeline, 3D Viewing Coordinates, Projections- Parallel and Perspective **General Projection Transformations** 

**Visible-Surface Detection Methods:** Classification of Visible-Surface Detection Algorithms, Back-Face Detection, Depth-Buffer Method, A-

	buffer Method, Scan Line Method, Depth Sorting Method, BSP Tree						
	Method, Area Subdivision Method, Octree Method, Ray-casting Method						
	Illumination Models and Surface Rendering Methods: Light Sources,						
	Ambient Light, Diffuse Reflection, Specular Reflection, Phong Model,						
	Polygon, Rendering Methods, Constant Intensity Shading, Gouraud						
	Shading, Phong Shading, Ray Tracing Methods						
	Color Models and Color Applications: Properties of Light, XYZ color						
	model RGB color model CMYK color model, HSV color model,						
	Conversion between HSV and RGB models						
Teaching /	Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-						
Learning	class activities						
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions,						
<b>Methods:</b>	Oral questions, Quizzes						
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination						
Recommended	1. Computer Graphics C Version by Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker,						
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2007						
	2. Digital Image Processing by Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods,						
	Pearson 2002, Second Edition						
	3. Computer Graphics Principles and Practice Second Edition, by James						
	4. D. Foley, Andeies van Dam, Stevan K. Feiner and John F. Hughes,						
	Addison Wesley, 2000						
	5. Fundamentals of Three-Dimensional Computer Graphics by Alan Watt,						
	Addison-Wesley						

Course Code	CO2213	Course Name	Practical work on CO2223		
Year	II	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning		
Semester	II	Breakdown	-	30	20
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	This course is designed to teach the students practical implementation of			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	statistical theories.				
Intended	At the end	At the end of the course, students will be able to:			
Learning	- de	- design and develop line drawing computer graphics algorithms			
Outcomes	- design and develop Circle drawing computer graphics algorithms				
(ILOs):	- design and develop 2D transformation computer graphics algorithms				
Course	The practical implementation is based on the theory components covered in the				
<b>Content:</b>	course CO2223 Computer Graphics and the lab sessions will based on the				
	contempo	contemporary computer platforms and tools.			

Teaching /	Handouts / Presentations , Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,					
Learning	Practical records, Tutorial discussion					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Group /Individual Presentations, Small Projects, Practical assessment tests to					
<b>Methods:</b>	solve real world problems					
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. Computer Graphics C Version by Donald Hearn and M. Pauline Baker,					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2007					
	2. Digital Image Processing by Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods,					
	Pearson 2002, Second Edition					
	3. Computer Graphics Principles and Practice Second Edition, by James					
	4. D. Foley, Andeies van Dam, Stevan K. Feiner and John F. Hughes, Addison					
	Wesley, 2000					
	5. Fundamentals of Three-Dimensional Computer Graphics by Alan Watt,					
	Addison-Wesley					

Course Code	CO2224	Course Name	Human Computer Interaction			
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning	
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA		GPA		
Aim(s) /	The cours	e is designed to	introduce th	e student to	the basic concepts of human-	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	computer	interaction. It w	ill cover the	basic theory	and methods that exist in the	
	field.					
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:		
Learning	- de	monstrate huma	an, computer	, interaction	paradigms	
Outcomes	- illı	ıstrate software	design proc	ess, models	and theories	
(ILOs):	- an	alyse groupwar	e implementation			
Course	Fundame	ntals: Human,	Computer, Interaction, Paradigms; Design Process:			
Content:	Interactive	e Design Basics	s, HCI in the software process, Design rules (Usability,			
	standard,	guidelines, Gol	lden rules and heuristics, HCI patterns), Implantation			
	support, E	Evaluation Tech	nniques, Universal Design, User support; Models and			
	Theories:	Cognitive m	nodels, Scio-Organizational issues and stakeholder			
	requireme	nts, Communic	cation and collaboration models, Task Analysis, Dialog			
	notion and	d design, Mode	els of the system, Modelling rich interaction; Group			
	ware: Gro	oupware system	ns, Computer mediated communications, meeting and			
	decision s	support systems	ns, shared application and artefacts, Frameworks for			
	groupware	e, implementing	g synchronous groupware			
Teaching /	Lecture-de	emonstration, U	Jse of slides	, take home	exercises, tutorials, in-class	
Learning	activities					
<b>Methods:</b>						

Assessment	Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions, Oral
<b>Methods:</b>	questions, Quizzes
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination
Recommended	1. Human - Computer Interaction, By Alan Dix, Janet Finalay, Gregory.D
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Abowd (3rd Edition, 2004), Persian Edition
	2. Human Computer Interaction in the New Millennium, by John M. Carroll,
	(Persian Edition)
	3. Engineering the Human Computer interaction, by Andy Downton,
	McGraw-Hill International (UK) Limited

<b>Course Code</b>	CO2214	Course		Dreatical v	vork on CO2224	
		Name		Tractical work on CO2224		
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning	
Semester	II	Breakdown	-	30	20	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA	
Aim(s) /	This cours	e is designed to	teach the stu	dents praction	cal implementation of Human	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	Computer	Interaction.				
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:		
Learning	- un	derstand interac	ctive designi	ng		
Outcomes	- des	sign interactive	user interfac	ces		
(ILOs):	- cre	eate new interac	ction styles fo	or specific u	ser interfaces	
Course	The practi	tical implementation is based on the theory components covered in the				
<b>Content:</b>	course CO	2224 Human C	Computer Interaction and the lab sessions will be based			
	on the con	temporary com	nputer platforms and tools.			
Teaching /	Lecture-de	emonstration, U	Jse of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-class			
Learning	activities					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Essay type	Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions, Quizzes				
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Continuou	s Assessments	- 35 %			
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmen	t + End-Sen	nester Examination	
Recommended	1. Humai	n - Computer	Interaction, By Alan Dix, Janet Finalay, Gregory.D			
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Abowe	d (3rd Edition,	2004), Pers	ian Edition		

Course Code	CO2225	Course Name	Software Management Techniques		
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning
Semester	II	Breakdown.	30	-	70
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA		

Aim(s) /	This course is designed to provide software management techniques.
<b>Objective(s):</b>	
Intended	At the end of the course, students will be able to:
Learning	- compare software projects
Outcomes	- schedule the plan of software projects
(ILOs):	- demonstrate software cost and quality management
	- demonstrate human resource, communication, risk and procurement
	management
	- illustrate project management process groups
Course	Introduction to Project Management: Importance of software project
Content:	management, what is a project?, Problems with Software Projects, What is
	Project Management?, Stages of Project, The Feasibility Study, The Cost-
	benefit Analysis, Planning, Project Execution, Project and Product Life Cycles,
	The Stakeholder of Project, All parties of project, The Role of Project Manager,
	Project Management Framework, Software Tools for Project Management;
	<b>Project Planning:</b> Integration Management, What is Integration Management,
	Project Plan Development, Plan Execution, Scope Management: What is Scope
	Management?, Methods for Selecting Projects, Project Charter, Scope
	Statement, Work Breakdown Structure, Stepwise Project Planning, Overview,
	Main Steps in Project Planning, Use of Software (Microsoft Project) to Assist
	in Project Planning Activities; <b>Project Scheduling:</b> Time Management,
	Importance of Project Schedules, Schedules and Activities, Sequencing and
	Scheduling Activity, Project Network Diagrams, Network Planning Models,
	Duration Estimating and Schedule Development, Critical Path Analysis,
	Program Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT), Use of Software
	(Microsoft Project) to Assist in Project Scheduling; Project Cost
	Management: Importance and Principles of Project Cost Management,
	Resource Planning, Cost Estimating, Types of Cost Estimates, Expert Judgment
	Estimating by Analogy, COCOMO Model, Cost Budgeting, Cost Control, Use
	of Software (Microsoft Project) to assist in Cost Management; <b>Project Quality</b>
	Management: Quality of Information Technology Projects, Stages of Software
	Quality Management, Quality Planning, Quality Assurance, Quality Control,
	Quality Standards, Tools and Techniques For Quality Control; <b>Project Human</b>
	Resources Management: What is Project Human Resources Management?,
	Keys to Managing People, Organisational Planning, Issues in Project Staff
	Acquisition and Team Development, Using Software to Assist in Human
	Resource Management; Project Communication Management:
	Communications Planning, Information Distribution, Performance Reporting
	Administrative Closure, Suggestions for Improving Project Communications,
	Using Software to Assist in Project Communications; Project Risk
	Management: The Importance of Project Risk Management, Common Sources
	of Risk in IT projects, Risk Identification, Risk Quantification, Risk Response
	Development and Control, Using Software to Assist in Project Risk
	1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

	Management; Project Procurement Management: Importance of Project,					
	Procurement Management, Procurement Planning, Solicitation, Source					
	Selection, Contract Administration, Contract Close-out; <b>Project Management</b>					
	<b>Process Groups:</b> Introduction to Project Management Process Groups, Project					
	Initiation, Project Planning, Project Executing, Project Controlling and					
	Configuration Management, Project Closing					
Teaching /	Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-class					
Learning	activities					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions, Structures questions, Quizzes					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. "Information Technology Project Management" Kathy Schwalbe,					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	International Student Edition, THOMSON Course Technology, 2003					
	2. "Software Project Management" Bob Hughes and Mike Cotterell, Third					
	Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill					
	3. "Microsoft Office Project 2003 Bible", Elaine Marmel, Wiley Publishing					
	Inc.					
	4. Basics of Software Project Management, NIIT, Prentice-Hall India, 2004					
	5. Software Project Management in Practice, Pankaj Jalote, Pearson					
	Education,2002					
	6. Software Project Management, A Concise Study, S.A. Kelkar, Revised					
	Edition, Prentice Hall India, 2003					
Software	Software: Microsoft Project 2003					
Requirements						

Course Code	CO2226	Course Name	Automata Theory		
Year	II	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA		
Aim(s) /	This course is designed to provide basic concepts of finite automata theories				
<b>Objective(s):</b>					
Intended	At the end of the course, students will be able to:				
Learning	- Use finite automata expressions				
Outcomes	- apply algebraic laws for regular expressions				
(ILOs):	- analyse pumping lemma and application properties of regular				
	expressions				
	- illustrate parsing and parsing trees of a grammar				
	- distinguish deterministic finite automaton and non-deterministic				
	automatons				

	- illustrate Turing Machine and its functions								
Course	Basic concepts of finite automata and languages; Finite state automata, regular								
Content:	expressions and regular languages; Algebraic laws for regular expressions;								
	Equivalence between DFA and NFA: Regular expression and equivalence to								
	FA; Pumping lemma and application properties of regular languages								
	minimization of automata and applications context-free grammars and								
	languages; parsing (or derivation) and parse trees ambiguity of a grammar and								
	language pushdown automaton (PDA); Deterministic finite automaton, non-								
	determinism; Various forms of PDA Equivalence between CFG and PDA;								
	Chmosky normal form of CFG, pumping lemma; Introduction to Turing								
	Machines								
Teaching /	Lecture-demonstration, Use of slides, take home exercises, tutorials, in-class								
Learning	activities								
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Problem sheets, Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions, Structures								
Methods:	questions								
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %								
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination								
Recommended	1. Dexter C. Kozen, Automata and Computability, Springer, 1999.								
Reading(s):	2. J. E. Hopcroft, R. Motwani, and J. D. Ullman, Introduction to Automata								
	Theory, Languages and Computation, Second Edition, Addison Wesley,								
	Reading, MA, 2001.								
	3. M. Davis, R. Sigal, and E. Weyuker, Computability, Complexity and								
	Languages: Fundamentals of Theoretical Computer Science, Second								
	Edition, Academic Press, New York, NY, 1994.								
	4. J. Hopcroft, R. Motwani, and J. Ullman. Introduction to Automata Theory,								
	Languages, and Computation, 3rd edition, 2006, Addison-Wesley.								

## Year III Semester I

Course Code	CS3121	Course Name	Logic Programming and Expert Systems				
Year	III	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning				
Semester	I	Breakdown.	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to introduce logic programming concepts on Expert				
<b>Objective(s):</b>	Systems						
Intended	At the end	d of the course, students will be able to:					
Learning	- de	scribe Prolog L	anguage				
	- co	de in Prolog La	in Prolog Language				

Outcomes	- explain rule-based programming concepts						
(ILOs):							
Course	Introduction to Prolog Language; Prolog syntax and semantics; Lists and						
<b>Content:</b>	operations; Programming techniques; Controlling backtracking; Input / Output;						
	Built-in predicates; Programming style; Data structures; Search strategies;						
	Knowledge representation and expert systems; Rule-based programming;						
	Advanced features, techniques, and applications.;						
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint						
Learning	slides						
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Multiple Choice Questions						
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination						
Recommended	1. Ivan Bratko. Prolog Programming for Artificial Intelligence, third edition,						
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Addison-Wesley, 2001.						

<b>Course Code</b>	CS3111	Course		Practical work on CS3121			
		Name					
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed t	o teach the s	tudents prac	ticals on logic programming		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	and know	ledge base.					
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- de	velop logic pro	grams with t	ne significan	ce of language semantics		
Outcomes	- de	vise a plan of a	action to achieve a goal using standard AI methods				
(ILOs):							
Course	The practical implementation is based on the theory components covered in the						
<b>Content:</b>	course CS	3121 Logic Pro	gramming ar	nd Expert Sy	stem and the lab sessions will		
	be based of	on the contempo	orary comput	er platforms	and tools.		
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentation	ons, Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,				
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	l discussion				
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group /Ind	dividual Presen	ntations, Small Projects, Quizzes, Practical assessment				
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to so	lve real world p	problems				
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %				
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination	on - 65 %				
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmen	t + End-Sen	nester Examination		

Recommended	1. Ivan Bratko. Prolog Programming for Artificial Intelligence, third edition,
Reading(s):	Addison-Wesley, 2001.

Course Code	CS3122	Course Name	Advar	ced Databas	se Management Systems		
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Theory Practical Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /			introduce a	dvanced da	tabase management systems		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	concepts	20 22 2022					
Intended		of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning		mpare different					
Outcomes		plain database t			procedures		
(ILOs):		termine concuri		-	•		
	- ex	plain client ser	ver computi	ng, distribu	ted databases and deductive		
		tabases	•				
	- Co	ompare data wa	rehouse and	data mining			
Course	Data Mod	dels: EER mod	el and relation	onship to the	e O0 model, Object Oriented		
<b>Content:</b>	Data Mod	el and ODMG	standard, Ot	ther data mo	odel - NIAM, GOOD, ORM;		
	Query o	ptimization: (	Query exec	ution algor	ithm, Heuristics in Query		
	Execution	, Cost Estimation	on in Query I	Execution, S	emantic Query Optimization;		
	Database	<b>Transactions</b>	and Recove	ery Procedu	ires: Transaction Processing		
	Concepts,	transaction a	and system	concepts,	Desirable properties of a		
	transaction	n, Schedules	and recove	erability, Se	erialisability of Schedules,		
	Transactio	on support in	SQL, Re	covery tech	nniques, Database backup;		
	Concurre	ency control: (	Concurrency	control tech	hniques, Granularity of data		
	items; Da	tabase securit	y: Access pi	rivileges, M	ulti-level security, Statistical		
	database s	security; Client	t Server Computing: Client Server Concepts, 2-Tier				
			•		Architecture and the Internet,		
					omponents of Client Server		
			-		erver Systems; <b>Distributed</b>		
		•	-		gmentation and Distribution,		
		_		_	istributed algorithms for data		
		_			tabase Systems; <b>Deductive</b>		
			-	· ·	g Notation, Basic inference		
		_			atabase Systems, Deductive		
	-		<del>-</del>		housing and Data Mining:		
		•	•		and Research Prototypes:		
			media datab	ase, Mobile	database, Digital libraries,		
	Temporal Database						

Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint					
Learning	slides					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Multiple Choice Questions					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks= Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. Fundamentals of Database Systems - By Elmasri R, and Navathe S.B -					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Addition Wesley					
	2. Database System Concepts- By Silbershatz A, Korth H.F, and Sutharsan S					
	-McGraw Hill International Edition					
	3. An Introduction to Data Base Systems - By Date C.J - Addition Wesley					
	4. Modern Database Management - By McFadden R.F, Hoffer Feffery A, and					
	Prescott Mary B -Bejamin - Cummins (Narosa)					

Course Code	CS3112	Course Name	Practical work on CS3122					
Year	III	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning					
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to teach the	students p	racticals based on advanced			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	techniques	s to manipulate	database ma	nagement sy	stems.			
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:				
Learning	- de	sign a database	using standa	rd practices	and tools			
Outcomes	- de	velop advanced	queries to ha	ındle inform	ation retrieval from databases			
(ILOs):		-	cepts of transaction process, concurrency control, and					
	rec	covery mechani	nechanisms					
	- dis	scuss new deve	v developments in database technologies and the impacts of					
		erging databas						
Course	-	-			ry components covered in the			
<b>Content:</b>	course CS	3122 Advanced	d Database M	<b>I</b> anagement	Systems and the lab sessions			
					orms and tools.			
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentatio	ns , Labor	atory expe	riments, activities, exercises,			
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	al discussion					
<b>Methods:</b>								
Assessment	Group /Ind	dividual Presen	tations, Sma	ll Projects, F	Practical assessment tests to			
<b>Methods:</b>	solve real	world problems	S					
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination	on - 65 %					
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmen	t + End-Sen	nester Examination			

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Recommended	1.	R. Elmasri and S.B. Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems, 7th
<b>Reading(s):</b>		Ed., Addison-Wesley, 2015.
	2.	C.J. Date, An Introduction to Database Systems, 8th Ed., Addison-
		Wesley, 2003.
	3.	Ramakrishnan and Gehrke, Database Management Systems, 3rd Ed.,
		McGraw-Hill, 2003.

Course Code	CS3123	Course Name	Systems and Network Administration					
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown.	30	-	70			
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	e is designed to	describe the	e roles and re	sponsibilities of a system and			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	network a	dministrator.						
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students wil	l be able to:				
Learning	- ex	plain host man	agement, p	rocess mana	gement, maintenance of log			
Outcomes	file	es, and sharing	files					
(ILOs):	- de	termine network	k manageme	ent, host and	network security			
	- ex	plain automatin	ig system ad	ministration				
Course	Describe	the roles an	nd respons	sibilities of	a system and network			
<b>Content:</b>	administr	ator; Introdu	ction to O	perating Sy	stems; Host Management:			
	(Booting	and Shutting	Down of an Operating System, Installation and					
	configurat	ion of Softwa	are, Proprie	tary Softwa	re, Open-Source Software,			
	Installation	n and configura	ation of devices and drivers, Super user / Administrator					
	Privileges	, User Manage	ement, Adding / Removing users, Controlling User					
	Resources	, Disk Space	Allocation and quotas, Process Management and					
		<u> </u>	Processes, Killing / Stopping processes, Restarting a					
		=	ocess Activity, Maintaining Log Files, File System					
	_	-		•	Pages/ Help System, Kernel			
		_	ng Heterogeneous Systems, File System Sharing					
	(Samba),	Printer Shar	ring (Samba/CUPS), User IDs, Passwords and					
		ation (LDAP	•	s Perform	<b>O</b> , .			
		`	ction to Network Administration Approaches, TCP/IP					
		_	_		ting, VLAN Principles and			
	_	•	-		ss Translation, Configuring a			
			•		AN, Dial-up and Broadband,			
		· ·			ing a Web Server (Apache),			
		· ·	,	, .	ring Mail Transfer Agents			
			=	=	CP/IP Troubleshooting: ping,			
		•		-	Management, SNMP Ver 2			
		-		•	ormation Base, RMON (Host			
		•	-	•	and plan for deployment for			
	preventive	methods), Sec	Security Planning & System Audits, Security standards					

	and Levels (ISO 15408 standard), Password Security); Access Control and								
	Monitoring: Wrappers; Firewalls: (Filtering Rules, Detection and Prevention								
	of Denial of Service (DOS) Attacks, Automatic Identification of Configuration								
	Loopholes (Tripwire), Intrusion Detection Systems, Security Information								
	Resources: CERT (Automating System Administration));								
	Use appropriate scripting tools to automate system and network								
	administration: Use of scripting tools, Shell Scripting Perl / Python Scripting,								
	Use of Make Option;								
	PLATFORM								
	The operating system that is used in this module is Linux Operating System.								
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint								
Learning	slides								
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Multiple Choice Question								
<b>Methods:</b>									
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %								
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %								
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination								
Recommended	1. Mark Burgess, "Principles of Network and System Administration" (2nd								
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Edition), John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2004.								
	2. Craig Hunt, "TCP/IP Network Administration" (3rd Edition), O'Reilly and								
	Associates Inc., 2002.								
	3. Matthias Kalle Dalheimer and Matt Welsh, "Running Linux", (5th Edition),								
	O'Reilly and Associates Inc., 2007.								
	4. AEleen Frisch, "Essential System Administration", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly								
	and Associates Inc.,2003								

Course Code	CS3113	Course Name	Practical work on CS3123			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA	
Aim(s) /	This cour	rse is designed	d to teach	the students	s practicals on networking,	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	configurat	ion and admini	and administration.			
Intended	At the end	and of the course, students will be able to:				
Learning	- cre	- create subnetworks for Local Area Network				
Outcomes	- CO	nfigure routing	protocols and manage it			
(ILOs):						
Course	The practical implementation is based on the theory components covered in the					
<b>Content:</b>	course CS	3123 Systems a	tems and Network Administration and the lab sessions will			
	be based of	d on the contemporary computer platforms and tools.				

Teaching /	Handouts / Presentations , Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,					
Learning	Practical records, Tutorial discussion					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Group /Individual Presentations, Small Projects, Quizzes, Practical assessment					
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to solve real world problems					
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. Craig Hunt, "TCP/IP Network Administration" (3rd Edition), O'Reilly and					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Associates Inc., 2002.					
	2. AEleen Frisch, "Essential System Administration", 3rd Edition, O'Reilly					
	and Associates Inc.,2003					

Course Code	CS3124	Course Name	Data Security			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	<b>Independent Learning</b>	
Semester	I	Breakdown.	30	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA	
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	introduce d	ata security	concepts	
<b>Objective(s):</b>						
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:		
Learning	- ex	plain cryptogra <sub>l</sub>	phy			
Outcomes	- co:	mpare DES and	l AES			
(ILOs):	- de	termine public l	key cryptogr	aphy, RSA a	and ECC	
	- ex	- explain security services				
Course	Overview	of Cryptograp	phy and Nu	ımber Theo	ry. Block Ciphers.; Stream	
Content:	Ciphers. F	Results from Inf	formation Th	eory.; Data	Encryption Standard (DES).;	
	Advanced	Encryption Sta	andard (AES	S); More on	Block Ciphers.; Introduction	
	to Public-	Key Cryptograp	hy; RSA.; D	iscrete Loga	rithm (DL) Problem.; Elliptic	
	-				Scheme. Digital Signatures.;	
	Hash Fun	ctions. Messag	ge Authentication Codes (MACs); Security Services,			
	Key Estab	lishment.;				
Teaching /		ılkboard, tutoria	al, textbook a	ssignments,	Guided learning, Powerpoint	
Learning	slides					
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Structured	Questions, Gro	oup activity,	Multiple Cl	hoice Questions	
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %			
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmer	t + End-Sen	nester Examination	

Recommended	1. Applied Cryptography: Protocols, Algorithms and Secure Code in C. Bruce
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Schneier. John Wiley & Sons, 2nd Edition.
	2. Introduction to Cryptography with Coding Theory. Wade Trappe and
	Lawrence C. Washington. Prentice Hall, 2nd edition.
	3. Computer Security: Principles and Practice, by William Stallings and
	Lawrie Brown. Published by Pearson/Prentice Hall, © 2008. ISBN: 0-13-
	600424-5
	4. Cryptography: Theory and Practice. Doug Stinson. Chapman & Hall/CRC,
	3rd Edition.

Course Code	CS3114	Course Name	Practical work on CS3124			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Theory Practical Independent Learning		
Semester	I	Breakdown	-	30	20	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA	
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	o teach the s	students prac	tical implementation of Data	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	Security th	neories.				
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students wil	l be able to:		
Learning	- pro	ogram different	security me	chanisms		
Outcomes	- ap	ply suitable cry	pto techniqu	es for secure	e transfer	
(ILOs):	- de	sign new crypto	algorithms			
Course	The practi	cal implementa	tion is based	on the theor	ry components covered in the	
<b>Content:</b>	course C	S3124 Data S	Security and	l the lab s	essions will based on the	
	contempor	rary computer p	ter platforms and tools.			
Teaching /	Handouts	/ Presentation	ons ,Labora	atory exper	iments, activities, exercises,	
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	l discussion			
<b>Methods:</b>						
Assessment	Group /Ind	dividual Presen	ntations, Small Projects, Quizzes, Practical assessment			
<b>Methods:</b>	tests to so	lve real world p	problems			
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %			
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination	on - 65 %			
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmer	nt + End-Sen	nester Examination	
Recommended	1. Applie	ed Cryptograph	y: Protocols,	Algorithms	and Secure Code in C. Bruce	
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Schne	ier. John Wiley	& Sons, 2nd Edition.			
	2. Introd	uction to Cryp	ptography with Coding Theory. Wade Trappe and			
	Lawre	nce C. Washing	gton. Prentic	e Hall, 2nd e	edition.	

Course Code	CS3135	Course Name	Theory of Computing		
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning
Semester	I	Breakdown	45	-	70

Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA				
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	provide theory of computing principles.				
<b>Objective(s):</b>							
Intended	At the end	At the end of the course, students will be able to:					
Learning	- explain computability theory						
Outcomes	- de	termine comput	ational complexities				
(ILOs):	- ex	plain formal sys	stems in Computer Science				
	- ve	rify on-line algo	orithms, game theory, social networks, randomization,				
	an	d quantum com	puting				
Course		_	niques, finite automata, nondeterminism, regular				
Content:		_	nutomata, context-free languages and grammars;				
	_	•	(Turing machines, recursively enumerable and				
			Church-Turing thesis, Limitations of algorithms:				
		•	g problem and undecidability); Computational				
	_	• '	of complexity, Big O /Big Theta notation, NP-				
	_		s theorem); Formal systems in Computer Science:				
			mal system for propositional logic, Soundness and				
	completeness, Hoare logic for automatic program verification); Cryptography,						
	on-line algorithms, game theory, social networks, randomization, and						
	quantum computing						
Teaching /		ılkboard, tutoria	al, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint				
Learning	slides						
Methods:							
Assessment	Structured	l Questions, Gro	oup activity, Multiple Choice Questions				
Methods:							
Assessment		is Assessments					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination						
Recommended	1. Michael Sipser, Introduction to the Theory of Computation (Second						
Reading(s):	Edition).						
		-	v Motowani, and Jeffrey Ullman, Automata Theory,				
	_	-	outation. (Third Edition)				
		*	Inguages and Machines: An Introduction to the Theory				
		-	(Third Edition)				
	4. Sipser	M, Introduction	n to the Theory of Computation, PWS, 1997.				

<b>Course Code</b>	EC3101	Course Name	Foundations of Management			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning			
Semester	I	Breakdown	45	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA			
Aim(s) /	This course is designed to introduce fundamental management concepts.					
<b>Objective(s):</b>						

Intended	At the end of the course, students will be able to:
Learning	- explain management theories and principles
Outcomes	- solve managerial problems
(ILOs):	
Course	Introduction of Management
<b>Content:</b>	Organizing
	Motivation
	Leadership
	Communication
	Controlling
Teaching /	Lecture Discussions, Q and A sessions, Self-studies
Learning	
Methods:	
Assessment	Written Test, Report, Group Presentation
Methods:	
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination
Recommended	1. Robbins, Stephen P, and Mary Coutler:Management, Prentice Hall, New
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Delhi.
	2. Principles of Management, 2015, 13: 9781946135186, UNIVERSITY OF
	MINNESOTA LIBRARIES PUBLISHING EDITION, 2015
	3. Principles of Management, Tony Morden, 2014, 2nd edition, ISBN
	9781032022505, March 31, 2021 ,Routledge
	4. Management: Principles and Practice" by S K Mandal
	5. Management" by Stoner J A and Freeman R E

## Year III Semester II

Course Code	CS3221	Course Name	Assembly Language Programming			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning			
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	o provide an introduction to assembly languages and			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	programm	ing concepts.				
Intended	At the end	of the course, s	students will be able to:			
Learning	- co:	mpare the basic	difference between high level languages and low level			
	lar	guages				

Outcomes	- create basic programs in assembly languages according to the internal
(ILOs):	structure of the computer
Course	Introduction to assembly languages and computer organization, Simple
Content:	programs: assembling, linking, running, debugging, Arithmetic flags and
	operations, Jumps and loops, Structured assembly language programs, Bit
	operations, Large programs – an extended example: calculator., File
	manipulation, Device drivers, Addressing modes and encoding, Advanced
	assembly instructions
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint
Learning	slides
Methods:	
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Multiple Choice Questions
Methods:	
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination
Recommended	1. Computer Organization and Assembly Language Programming for IBM
Reading(s):	PCs and Compatibles, 2nd ed., by Michael Thorne.
	2. A86/D86 manual, by Eric Roberts

Course Code	CS3211	Course Name		Practical work on CS3221			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	II	Breakdown	-	30	20		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cour	se is designed	to teach th	ne students	practical implementation of		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	Assembly	Language Prog	gramming the	eories.			
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- de	monstrate funda	amental asse	mbly langua	ge programs concepts		
Outcomes	- so	- solve variety of computational problems					
(ILOs):	- cre	- create programs using fundamental concepts of assembly language					
	programs						
Course	The practi	cal implementa	tion is based	on the theor	ry components covered in the		
<b>Content:</b>	course CS	3221 Assembly	ssembly Language Programming and the lab sessions will be				
	based on t	he contempora	ary computer platforms and tools.				
Teaching /	Handouts	uts / Presentations , Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,					
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	ds, Tutorial discussion				
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group /Inc	dividual Presen	tations, Sma	ll Projects, F	Practical assessment tests to		
<b>Methods:</b>	solve real	world problem	oblems				
Assessment	Continuou	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Seme	ester Examination - 65 %					

	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. D. A. Patterson and J. L. Hennessy, Computer Organization and					
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Design: The Hardware and Software Interface, Morgan Kaufmann					
	Publishers, 5th Ed, 2013.					
	2. M. Abo-El-Barr and H. El-Rewini, Fundamentals of Computer					
	Organization and Architecture, A John Wiley & Sons Publication,					
	2004.					
	3. W. Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture, Prentice Hall					
	Publishers, 10th Ed, 2015.					

<b>Course Code</b>	CS3222	Course Name		Software Q	uality Assurance		
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning		
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	o introduce s	oftware qual	ity assurance principles		
<b>Objective(s):</b>							
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- prop	ose various sta	indards on S	oftware Qua	lity Assurance		
Outcomes	- eval	uate software of	quality metric	es			
(ILOs):	- orga	anise future of S	Software Qua	ality Assurar	nce		
Course	This cour	se introduces	concepts, m	etrics, and	models in software quality		
<b>Content:</b>	assurance.	The course cov	ers compone	ents of softw	are quality assurance systems		
	before, du	iring, and after	software de	evelopment.	It presents a framework for		
	software	quality assura	nce and di	scusses ind	ividual components in the		
	frameworl	k such as plann	ing, reviews	, testing, cor	nfiguration management, and		
					tware quality as a product, in		
	_				ide case studies and hands-on		
	experience	es. Students wi	ll develop a	n understand	ding of software quality and		
	approache	s to assure soft	ware quality				
	Introduction	on to Software,	Software Q	uality Factor	rs, Components of SQA, Pre-		
	project c	omponents, I	Defect remo	oval effecti	veness, Reviews, Testing,		
	Maintenar	nce and externa	l participant	s, Configura	tion management, Standards,		
	Software of	quality metrics,	Cost of soft	ware quality	, Software reliability models,		
	In-process	quality metric	s and models	s, Future of S	SQA		
Teaching /	Use of cha	ılkboard, tutoria	al, textbook a	ssignments,	Guided learning, Powerpoint		
Learning	slides						
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Structured	Questions, Gre	oup activity,	Group prese	entation, Multiple Choice		
<b>Methods:</b>	Questions	, Open book ex	ams				
Assessment	Continuou	is Assessments	- 35 %				
Strategy:		ester Examination					
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	s Assessmer	t + End-Sen	nester Examination		

Recommended	1.	Software Quality Assurance: From Theory to Implementation, by Daniel
<b>Reading(s):</b>		Galin, Addison Wesley, 2003
	2.	Metrics and Models in Software Quality Engineering (2nd Edition) by
		Stephen Kan

Course Code	CS3212	Course Name	Practical work on CS3222				
Year	III	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning				
Semester	II	Breakdown	-	30	20		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			GPA		
Aim(s) /	This cours	e is designed to	teach the st	udents pract	icals on testing tools used for		
<b>Objective(s):</b>	Software (	Quality.					
Intended	At the end	of the course,	students will	be able to:			
Learning	- use	e different autor	mation tools				
Outcomes	- ide	entify programn	ning bugs us	ing testing to	ools		
(ILOs):							
Course	The practi	cal implementa	tion is based	on the theor	ry components covered in the		
<b>Content:</b>	course CS	3222 Software	Quality Ass	urance and t	he lab sessions will be based		
	on the con	temporary com	puter platfor	ms and tool	s.		
Teaching /	Handouts / Presentations ,Laboratory experiments, activities, exercises,						
Learning	Practical r	ecords, Tutoria	ll discussion				
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Group /Ind	dividual Presen	tations, Sma	Il Projects, F	Practical assessment tests to		
<b>Methods:</b>	solve real	world problem	ms				
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Seme	ster Examination	on - 65 %				
	Final Mar	ks = Continuou	as Assessment + End-Semester Examination				
Recommended	1. Softwa	are Quality Ass	urance: Fron	n Theory to	Implementation, by Daniel		
Reading(s):	Galin,	Addison Wesle	ey, 2003				

<b>Course Code</b>	CS3233	Course	Professional Issues in IT			
		Name				
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	<b>Independent Learning</b>	
Semester	II	Breakdown	45	-	105	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	to introduce Professional Issues in IT			
<b>Objective(s):</b>						
Intended	At the end	At the end of the course, students will be able to:				
Learning	- co	nsider law and	sider law and government policies regarding issues in IT			
Outcomes	- ev	aluate nature of software professionals				
(ILOs):	- pro	opose profession	nal bodies ir	computing		

Course	Law and Government: Describe what the law is, Explain the difference						
Content:	between criminal law and civil law, Define the terms legislature, judiciary and						
	executive and outline how these are implemented in different countries with						
	respect to unitary and federal states (e.g.: UK, Sri Lanka, USA)., <b>The Nature</b>						
	of a Profession: Outline the characteristics of a profession, Explain what a						
	professional body is, Describe how a professional body is set up and what their						
	main functions are, Discuss your views about the compulsory registration of						
	Software Engineers., <b>Professional Bodies in Computing:</b> Outline the most						
	important professional bodies in computing in the world, Describe how these						
	professional bodies serve their members and the public, Describe the						
	obligations that professional bodies in computing impose on, their members						
	and be familiar with the code of conduct of BCS, List the membership						
	categories of some of these professional bodies and how they are awarded						
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint						
Learning	slides						
<b>Methods:</b>							
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Group presentation, Multiple Choice						
Methods:	Questions, Open book exams						
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %						
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %						
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End Semester Examination						
Recommended	1. "Professional Issues in Information Technology" by Frank Bott, First south						
<b>Reading(s):</b>	Asia Edition. Chennai Micro Print (P) Ltd., Chennai, India. 2007 (ISBN 1-						
	902505-65-4)						
	2. BCS Code of conduct: http://www.bcs.org/server.php?show=nav.6030						
	3. BCS Code of Practice: http://www.bcs.org/server.php?show=nav.6029						
	4. ACS Code of Ethics:						
	http://courses.cs.vt.edu/~cs3604/lib/WorldCodes/Australia.Code.html						
	5. ACS Code of Professional Conduct and Professional Practice:						
	http://www.acs.org.au/index.cfm?action=show&conID=copc						
	6. IEEE Code of Ethics:						
	http://www.iece.org/portal/pages/iportals/aboutus/ethics/code.html						
	7. Computer Society of Sri Lanka (CSSL):						
	http://www.cssl.lk/index.php?option=com_frontpage&Itemid=66						

Course Code	CS3224	Course Name	Computer Networks			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory Practical Independent Learning			
Semester	II	Breakdown	30	-	70	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA			
Aim(s) /	This cours	se is designed to	o introduce various Computer Networks and its			
<b>Objective(s):</b>	Protocols					

Intended	At the end of the course, students will be able to:					
Learning	- create network architectures					
Outcomes	- organise network protocols					
(ILOs):	- measure network performance					
Course	-					
Course Content:	Network Architectures: Introduction to Computer Networks, Network Topologies: Bus, Star, Ring; Types of Networks: Local Area Networks, Wide Area Networks, Personal Area Networks; Layered Network Model: OSI model, TCP/ IP model; Internet Protocols: Introduction: History of Internet Protocols, Internet Protocol stack; IP Addressing and Routing (Version 4), IP address classes / CIDR; Sub netting: Fixed and variable length; Unicast routing algorithms: RIP, OSPF and IP multi casting; Transport Layer protocols: TCP, UDP; IP Support Protocols: ARP, DHCP, ICMP; Application Layer Protocols: Domain Name System (DNS); Email - SMTP, POP, IMAP; FTP; HTTP: RTP and Vo IP; Overview of IP version 6; Local Area Networks: LAN Architectures: Channel Access Methods: Aloha, CSMA, CSMA/CD, CSMA/CA,MACA, CDMA, Token Passing; IEEE 802 standards: 802.3, 802.11, 802.15; Switch Ethernet: Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet, 10Gb Ethernet; Wireless LANs: 802.11; Frequency Bands (ISM); Operating Modes (adhoc Managed); Variants: 802.11 a/ b/ g/ n; LAN interconnecting devices: Hubs, L2/L3 Switch, Wireless Access Point, Router; Introduction to Network Monitoring and Management: Remote Monitoring Techniques: Polling,					
	Traps, SNMP and MIBs; Security management: Firewalls and NAT, VLANs, VPNs; Proxy Servers; Wireless security; Performance Management: Quality of					
	Service over IP, Service Level Managements					
Teaching /	Use of chalkboard, tutorial, textbook assignments, Guided learning, Powerpoint					
Learning	slides					
Methods:						
Assessment	Structured Questions, Group activity, Group presentation, Multiple Choice					
<b>Methods:</b>	Questions, Open book exams					
Assessment	Continuous Assessments - 35 %					
Strategy:	End-Semester Examination - 65 %					
	Final Marks = Continuous Assessment + End-Semester Examination					
Recommended	1. Tanenbaum Andrew S., Computer Networks, 4th edition(2nd Impression					
Reading(s):	2006)					
	2. Comer Douglas E, Internetworking with TCP/IP, Volume 1-Principles, Protocols and Architecture, 4th edition, 2002, Prentice-Hall					

Course Code	CS3235	Course Name	Industrial Training/Project		
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning
Semester	II	Breakdown.	300 hrs.		
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA	GPA		

Aim(s) /	To produce the knowledgeable, skilled and experienced graduates, demanded					
<b>Objective(s):</b>	by employers, who are able to apply the knowledge acquired at university to					
	the working world.					
Intended	At the successful completion of the training,	students will be	able to:			
Learning	- Identify the expected software engine	eering responsib	oilities and ethics			
Outcomes	of work					
(ILOs):	- Integrate knowledge acquired from environment					
	<ul> <li>Implement and exchange knowledge engineering projects</li> </ul>	e and skills nee	eded in software			
Note:	Industrial Training/Project is a mandatory course for all the students and carries 3 GPA credits as this course is a training programme at the software industries for 6 months. Therefore, as soon as the semester examinations are over, they will be placed at the software industries to fulfil the Industrial Training requirement.					
Assessment						
Strategy:	Туре	Marks				
	Final Viva- Voce Examination	40%				
	Final Report 60%					
	Total 100%					
	Both the report and viva-voce examination are mandatory. Students must obtain a minimum of 50 % in each component to successfully complete the industrial training.					

Course Code		Course Name	Research Work			
Year	III	Hourly	Theory	Practical	Independent Learning	
Semester	II	Breakdown.	-	300 hrs.	-	
Core/Optional	Core	GPA/NGPA			NGPA	
Aim(s) /	To engage stu	idents in research	activities	in the field	of computer science as per	
<b>Objective(s):</b>	their intereste	ted area.				
Intended	At the end of	the course, studer	nts will be	able to:		
Learning	- Study	y and examine emerging topics in computer science				
Outcomes	- Reorg	anise and evaluate a project				
(ILOs):	- Write	- Write and interpret the research activities				
	- Produce research findings					
Note:	Research Work is a mandatory course unit for all students, where students should					
	be involved in	n individual resear	rch work i	n the field of	f computer science. Students	

	should identify their own research interests and submit the proposal. The head						
	the department assigns a supervisor in the rele	the department assigns a supervisor in the relevant field.					
Assessment	End-of-course Assessment only						
Strategy:	Type	Marks					
	Final Presentation	20%					
	Final Viva- Voce Examination 20%						
	Dissertation	60%					
	Total	100%					
	Research dissertation, presentation and viva-voce examinations are mandatory.						
	Students must obtain a minimum of 50% in each component to successfully						
	complete the research work.						